VIRGINIA BOARD FOR ASBESTOS, LEAD, AND HOME INSPECTORS

Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation 9960 Mavland Drive Richmond, Virginia 23233

Thursday, November 21, 2024 - 10:00 a.m. **Second Floor, Board Room 3**

ORAKI, ROK Our mission is to protect the health, safety and welfare of the public by licensing qualified individuals and businesses and enforcing standards of professional conduct for professions and occupations as designated by statute.

I. CALL TO ORDER

- a. Emergency Evacuation Procedures
- b. Determination of Quorum

II. ADMINISTRATIVE MATTERS

- a. Approval of Agenda
- b. Approval of Minutes.
 - i. August 15, 2024, Board for Asbestos, Lead, and Home Inspectors draft meeting minutes.

III. PUBLIC COMMENT PERIOD *FIVE MINUTE PUBLIC COMMENT, PER PERSON*

MSI. ¹⁴ dre norto be construed as fedulation of official Board Position. DRAM, ACENDA a. VAREI Letter to DPOR - Proposed Licensing Change

IV. CASE FILES

Prima Facie Disciplinary Cases

PFD1.1 2024-01390 - Ash Duarte (Burgess)

Consent Orders Cases

C1.2 2024-01370 - Ronnie Belt Cole (Burgess)

C2.3 2023-00491 - Metropolitan Laboratories Inc. (Baum)

C3.4 2023-03084 - Paul Pfister (Cranor)

- C4.5 2024-01458 Theodore James Henderson (Cranor)
- C5.6 2024-01591 Andrew Patrick Joseph McNeill (Cranor)

V. EDUCATION

- a. Examination Updates
 - i. Examination Statistics

VI. NEW BUSINESS

- a. Regulatory Review Update
- b. General Review of Home Inspector Regulation

i. Comments received

ii. Memo to Board: Summary of Comments & Responses

- iii. Review of Home Inspector Regulation: Final regulation
- iv. Amendment/Repeal of Guidance Documents
- v. Exemption 18VAC 15-20-456 discussion Phillips

VII. OTHER BUSINESS

a. Executive Director Report

VIII. COMPLETE CONFLICT OF INTEREST FORM AND TRAVEL VOUCHER.

DRAKT, ACENIDA Materials COL **IX. ADJOURNMENT**

NEXT MEETING SCHEDULED FOR THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 2025

- Agenda materials made available to the public do not include disciplinary case files or application files pursuant to §54.1-108 of the Code of Virginia.
- ◆ Five-minute public comment, per person, with the exception of any open disciplinary or application file.
- Persons desiring to participate in the meeting and requiring special accommodations or interpretative services should contact the Department at (804) 367-2785 at least ten days prior to the meeting so that suitable arrangements can be made for an appropriate accommodation.
- the An. Science and all not to be constituted as regulation or official Road rossition. DRAKT AGENDA ◆ *The Department fully complies with the Americans with Disabilities Act.*

VIRGINIA BOARD FOR

ASBESTOS, LEAD, AND HOME INSPECTORS

MEETING MINUTES

The Virginia Board for Asbestos, Lead, and Home Inspectors met on August 15, 2024, at the offices of the Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation (DPOR), Perimeter Center, 9960 Mayland Drive, 2nd Floor, Board Room 2, Richmond, Virginia, 23233.

The following members of the Board were present:

Stacy J. Armentrout, Jr. Michael Baum Douglas Burgess John E. Cranor, Chair Ralph L. Costen Jesse Phillips Anthony J. Robinson Paul D. Thomas Robin Wilder

Board members Patrick Studley, Sharad Tandale, and Louis Walker were not present at the meeting.

The following staff members were present at all or part of the meeting:

Brian P. Wolford, Director Jeb Wilkerson, Special Assistant to the Director Steve Kirschner, Licensing and Regulatory Programs Division Deputy Director Marjorie King, Executive Director Cameron Parris, Regulatory Operations Administrator Kyle Mathews, Regulatory Analyst Rachel Harris, Administrative Coordinator

Josh Laws from the Office of the Attorney General was present.

Mr. Cranor, Chair, finding a quorum of the Board present, called the meeting to order at 10:03 a.m.	<u>Call to Order</u>
Ms. King advised the Board of emergency evacuation procedures.	Emergency Evacuation Procedures
Mr. Thomas moved to approve the agenda as presented. Mr. Costen seconded the motion which was unanimously approved by: Baum, Burgess, Costen, Cranor, Phillips, Robinson, Thomas, and Wilder.	<u>Approval of</u> <u>Agenda</u>
Ms. Wilder moved to approve the minutes of the May 9, 2024, Board meeting. Mr. Thomas seconded the motion which was unanimously approved by: Baum, Burgess, Costen, Cranor, Phillips, Robinson, Thomas,	<u>Approval of</u> <u>Minutes</u>

and Wilder.

The Virginia Board for Asbestos, Lead, and Home Inspectors Meeting Minutes August 15, 2024 Page **2** of **4**

There were no members of the public present to address the Board.

In the matter of <u>File Number 2024-01786, Osman Omar Ortiz Moreno</u>, the Board members reviewed the record, which consisted of the application file, transcript, and exhibits from the Informal Fact-Finding Conference, and the Presiding Officer's Summary and Recommendation.

Osman Omar Ortiz Moreno (Applicant) participated in the Informal Fact-Finding Conference in person.

Osman Omar Ortiz Moreno did not attend the Board meeting in person, by counsel, or by any other qualified representative.

Mr. Phillips moved to accept the recommendation of the Presiding Officer and deny Mr. Moreno's application for an asbestos worker license. Mr. Costen seconded the motion, which was unanimously approved by: Baum, Burgess, Costen, Cranor, Phillips, Robinson, Thomas, and Wilder.

Mr. Armentrout arrived at 10:09 a.m.

In the matter of <u>File Number 2024-02183, Falco John Bruno, Jr.</u>, the Board members reviewed the record, which consisted of the application file, transcript and exhibits from the Informal Fact-Finding Conference, and the Presiding Officer's Summary and Recommendation.

Falco John Bruno, Jr. (Applicant) participated in the Informal Fact-Finding Conference in person.

Falco John Bruno, Jr. (Applicant) attended the Board meeting and agreed with the recommendation.

Mr. Costen moved to accept the recommendation of the Presiding Officer and approve Mr. Bruno's application for a home inspector license. Ms. Wilder seconded the motion, which was unanimously approved by: Armentrout, Baum, Burgess, Costen, Cranor, Phillips, Robinson, Thomas, and Wilder.

In the matter of **File Number 2024-02013, Marlon Donnell Moore**, the Board members reviewed the record, which consisted of the application file, transcript and exhibits from the Informal Fact-Finding Conference, and the Presiding Officer's Summary and Recommendation.

Marlon Donnell Moore (Applicant) participated in the Informal Fact-Finding Conference in person. <u>Arrival of</u> <u>Board</u> <u>Member</u>

<u>File Number</u> 2024-02183, <u>Falco John</u> Bruno, Jr.

<u>Comment</u> <u>Period</u> File Number

Public

<u>2024-01786.</u> Osman Omar Ortiz Moreno

<u>File number</u> 2024-02013, <u>Marlon</u> Donnell Moore The Virginia Board for Asbestos, Lead, and Home Inspectors Meeting Minutes August 15, 2024 Page **3** of **4**

Marlon Donnell Moore did not attend the Board meeting in person, by counsel, or by any other qualified representative.

Mr. Thomas moved to accept the recommendation of the Presiding Officer and deny Mr. Moore's application for a home inspector license. Mr. Phillips seconded the motion, which was unanimously approved by: Armentrout, Baum, Burgess, Costen, Cranor, Phillips, Robinson, Thomas, and Wilder.

In the matter of <u>File Number 2024-00253, Kenneth Logan</u>, the Board reviewed the Consent Order and Report of Findings as seen and agreed upon by Kenneth Logan.

Kenneth Logan did not attend the Board meeting in person, by counsel, or by any other qualified representative.

A motion was made by Mr. Burgess, and seconded by Mr. Costen, to ratify the proposed Consent Order wherein Kenneth Logan acknowledges an understanding of the charges and admits to the violation of the counts as outlined in the Report of Findings.

Kenneth Logan consents to the following:

Count 1 18VAC 15-40-120.A \$100.00 Count 2 18VAC 15-40-120.B \$100.00 Count 3 18VAC 15-40-130.A,4 \$100.00

Kenneth Logan agrees to Board costs of \$150.00

Total fines and costs \$450.00

The motion was unanimously approved by: Armentrout, Baum, Burgess, Costen, Cranor, Phillips, Robinson, Thomas, and Wilder.

In the matter of <u>File Number 2024-01356, Clarence Ward Kemp</u>, the Board reviewed the Consent Order and Report of Findings as seen and agreed upon by Clarence Ward Kemp.

Clarence Ward Kemp did not attend the Board meeting in person, by counsel, or by any other qualified representative.

A motion was made by Mr. Armentrout, and seconded by Mr. Thomas, to ratify the proposed Consent Order wherein Clarence Ward Kemp acknowledges an understanding of the charges and admits to the violation of the count as outlined in the Report of Findings.

Clarence Ward Kemp consents to the following:

<u>File Number</u> 2024-00253, <u>Kenneth</u> <u>Logan</u>

<u>File Number</u> 2024-01356, <u>Clarence Ward</u> <u>Kemp</u> The Virginia Board for Asbestos, Lead, and Home Inspectors Meeting Minutes August 15, 2024 Page **4** of **4**

Count 1 18 VAC 15-40-155.3 \$750.00

Clarence Ward Kemp agrees to Board costs of \$150.00

Total fines and costs \$900.00

Further, Clarence Ward Kemp agrees to the suspension of his license until Kemp completes sixteen (16) hours of continuing professional education (CPE) and provides proof of attendance and successful completion to the Board.

The motion was unanimously approved by: Armentrout, Baum, Burgess, Costen, Cranor, Phillips, Robinson, Thomas, and Wilder.

Mrs. Parris provided an update on the status of the Board's regulatory actions.

Ms. King informed the Board of current and past statistical data related to Board cases, licensing applications, emails, and phone calls.

Ms. King provided the Board with an EPICx update.

Ms. King provided the Board with the most recent financial statements for informational purposes.

Ms. King reminded the Board that the next meeting date is November 21, 2024.

Ms. King reminded the Board members to complete and return their conflict-of-interest forms and travel vouchers.

There being no further business, the meeting was adjourned at 10.41 a.m.

<u>Regulatory</u> <u>Action Update</u>

Executive Director Report

EPICx Update

<u>Board</u> <u>Financial</u> <u>Statements</u>

<u>Future</u> <u>Meeting Dates</u>

<u>Complete</u> <u>Conflict of</u> <u>Interest Forms</u> <u>and Travel</u> <u>Vouchers</u>

<u>Adjourn</u>

John Cranor, Chair

Brian P. Wolford, Director



October 30, 2024

Ms. Marjorie King Executive Director Department of Professional & Occupational Regulation 9960 Mayland Drive, Suite 400 Richmond, VA 23233

Dear Ms. King,

On behalf of the Virginia Association of Real Estate Inspectors (VAREI), I extend our sincere appreciation for your insightful presentation at VAREI's annual seminar on the proposed changes to the licensure requirements for Virginia home inspectors. We recognize the many improvements made and the hard work invested on the proposed changes in licensure regulations and thank all those involved. Your presentation brought to light several points of interest and our membership had the opportunity to voice concerns regarding the proposed changes.

Following the seminar, VAREI conducted a five-question survey of members who attended the event, to gather feedback on certain changes. Here is a summary of the survey results:

- 96% feel that a passing grade of a "D" (equivalent to a grade of 60% to 69%) in a qualified course is too low.
- 92% feel that inspectors would not be properly prepared to do a home inspection without conducting inspections under the supervision of a licensed home inspector.
- 94% feel that a minimum of 11 to 100 home inspections under the supervision of a licensed home inspector is necessary to be properly prepared to become a home inspector.
- Of those inspectors who were required to abide by the current licensing regulations, 94% stated they considered 25 to 100 inspections under the supervision of a licensed home inspector to be either VERY IMPORTANT or IMPORTANT to their development as a competent home inspector.
- 98% felt that lowering the current standards was not in the best interest of the home buyer and protecting the consumer.

As reflected in the survey results, VAREI members overwhelmingly value both education and supervised inspections as critical components in preparing competent home inspectors. We feel strongly that the new regulations lack a mandate for a minimum number of supervised inspections, which we believe is a significant oversight.

Therefore, along with the current mandatory requirement to pass the National Home Inspector Exam, we recommend a mandatory requirement to complete 5 supervised inspections as part of the licensing process. This minimum requirement is separate from achieving any of the "experience" requirements in Table 2.

With this in mind, VAREI recommends adding the following language (in bold) to the proposed regulations:

"1. The applicant has passed a board-approved examination. The National Home Inspector Examination provided by the Examination Board of Professional Home Inspectors is the board-approved examination pursuant to 54.1-517.2 A 2 C of the Code of Virginia, and the applicant has completed 5 home inspections under the supervision of a licensed Virginia home inspector."

As stated, we recommend that the 5 supervised inspections be established as a mandatory part of becoming licensed as a Virginia home inspector and these inspections would not count towards achieving qualifying points for Table 2, Section 2.

VAREI is dedicated to improving the standards for licensure because we believe that having competent and qualified home inspectors is in the best interest of protecting the safety of Virginia home buyers. We share DPOR's goal to protect the consumer.

VAREI is striving to help the industry by informing and educating both home inspectors and realtors regarding the standards set in our industry. Hopefully, these efforts will help to advance the home inspector profession and result in fewer complaints to the ALHI board.

Thank you for allowing VAREI to express our concerns on behalf of Virginia's home inspectors. I look forward to seeing you at the next ALHI board meeting on November 21. Please reach out to me prior to the board meeting with any questions or concerns.

Sincerely,

Bill Wilmoth VAREI President Elect and Lobbyist <u>inspect14u@gmail.com</u> 804-347-8051

Attached: VAREI Survey Results (pages 3-7)

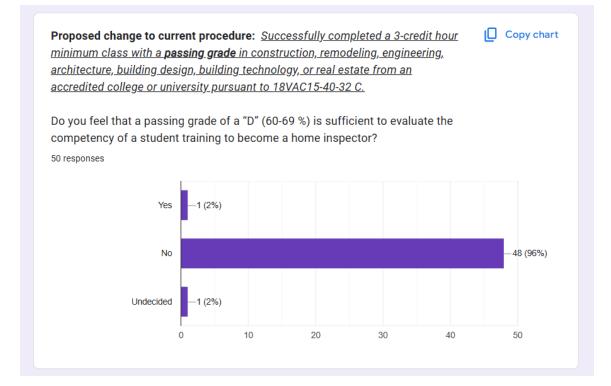
VAREI Survey Results for Proposed Changes to Licensure

Conducted of VAREI Members Who Attended the Seminar 50 responses

Proposed change to current procedure: <u>Successfully completed a 3-credit hour minimum class</u> with a **passing grade** in construction, remodeling, engineering, architecture, building design, building technology, or real estate from an accredited college or university pursuant to 18VAC15-40-32 C.

Q1 - Do you feel that a passing grade of a "D" (60-69 %) is sufficient to evaluate the competency of a student training to become a home inspector?

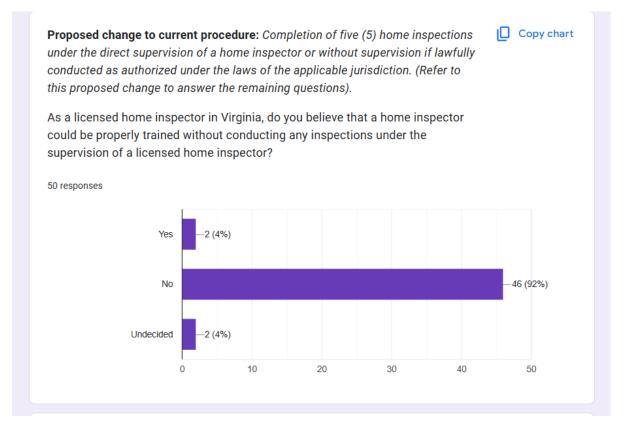
96% feel that a passing grade of a "D" 60 to 69% is too low.



Proposed change to current procedure: Completion of five (5) home inspections under the direct supervision of a home inspector or without supervision if lawfully conducted as authorized under the laws of the applicable jurisdiction. (Refer to this proposed change to answer the remaining questions).

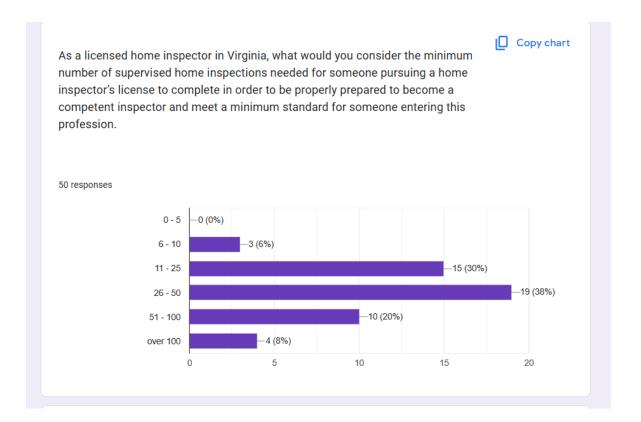
Q2 - As a licensed home inspector in Virginia, do you believe that a home inspector could be properly trained without conducting any inspections under the supervision of a licensed home inspector?

92% feel that inspectors would not be properly prepared to do a home inspection without conducting inspections under the supervision of a licensed home inspector.



Q3 - As a licensed home inspector in Virginia, what would you consider the minimum number of supervised home inspections needed for someone pursuing a home inspector's license to complete in order to be properly prepared to become a competent inspector and meet a minimum standard for someone entering this profession.

94 % feel that a minimum of 11 to 100 home inspections under the supervision of a licensed home inspector would be necessary to be properly prepared to become a home inspector. 66% responded that the minimum should be 26 or more.

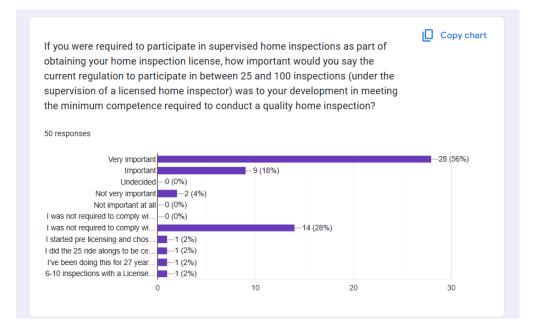


Q4 - If you were required to participate in supervised home inspections as part of obtaining your home inspection license, how important would you say the current regulation to participate in between 25 and 100 inspections (under the supervision of a licensed home inspector) was to your development in meeting the minimum competence required to conduct a quality home inspection?

The last two options for this question are not completely viewable in the image below so they are written here:

- I was not required to comply with this regulation because I was licensed prior to their implementation so I have no opinion
- I was not required to comply with this regulation because I was licensed prior to their implementation but believe it would be beneficial for any new inspector

Of those 39 inspectors who were required to abide by the current licensing regulations, 94% stated they considered 25 to 100 inspections under the supervision of a licensed home inspector to be either VERY IMPORTANT or IMPORTANT to their development as a competent home inspector.

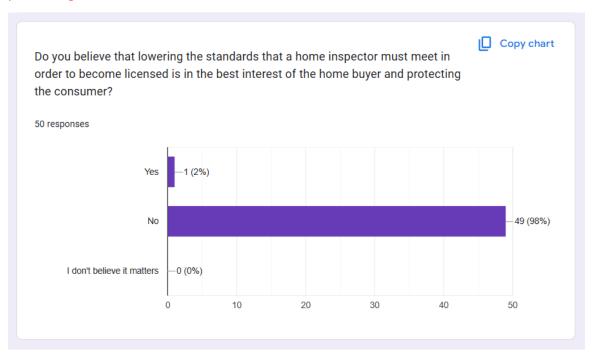


Additional comments:

- I was not required to comply with this regulation because I was licensed prior to their implementation but believe it would be beneficial for any new inspector
- I started pre licensing and chose to do 75 supervised with my mentor
- I did the 25 ride a long's to be certified before mandatory licensing. Very important.
- I've been doing this for 27 years. I was required to have 250 inspections before I could be a certified ASHI inspector. Lowering the standards would be a great way to discredit home inspectors even further.
- 6-10 inspections with a Licensed Inspector are Reasonable, but would raise the grade level of passing the course, as well.

Q5 - Do you believe that lowering the standards that a home inspector must meet in order to become licensed is in the best interest of the home buyer and protecting the consumer?

98% felt that lowering the current standards was not in the best interest of the buyer and protecting the consumer.



Portion Statistics Cumulative Virginia Lead Abatement From: 1/1/2024 To: 10/31/2024

		Pass Fail		-	Total	
		N	%	N	%	N
VA Inspector Test	First Time	14	77.78	4	22.22	18
	Repeat	2	100.00	0	0.00	2
	Total	16	80.00	4	20.00	20
VA Inspector Test	First Time	15	78.95	4	21.05	19
Portion: Virginia Law Test	Repeat	2	100.00	0	0.00	2
	Total	17	80.95	4	19.05	21
VA Risk Assessor Test	First Time	11	100.00	0	0.00	11
	Repeat	1	100.00	0	0.00	1
	Total	12	100.00	0	0.00	12
VA Risk Assessor Test	First Time	8	100.00	0	0.00	8
Portion: Virginia Law Test	Repeat	0	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Total	8	100.00	0	0.00	8
VA Supervisor Test	First Time	13	86.67	2	13.33	15
	Repeat	0	0.00	0	0.00	0
	Total	13	86.67	2	13.33	15
VA Supervisor Test	First Time	11	78.57	3	21.43	14
Portion: Virginia Law Test	Repeat	2	66.67	1	33.33	3
	Total	13	76.47	4	23.53	17

Update on Regulatory Actions

(as of October 28, 2024)

Action: Home Inspector Regulations General Review

Current Stage: Proposed

- Proposed stage was published in the Virginia Register on 7/29/2024. The public comment period concluded on 9/27/2024, during which comments were received.
- A public hearing was held on August 15, 2024, during which comments were received.

Next Step: Final

• Board to review comments received and consider adoption of final regulation.

Action: Virginia Asbestos Licensing Regulations General Review

Current Stage: NOIRA

- NOIRA 30-day public comment period concluded 4/26/2023. No public comments were received.
- Board voted to adopt Proposed stage on 8/24/2023.

Next Step: Proposed Stage/Executive Branch Review

- Board staff to submit Proposed amendments for Executive Branch Review.
- Following completion of Executive Branch Review, amendments will be submitted for publication in the Virginia Register, followed by a 60-day public comment period.

Action: Lead-Based Paint Activities Regulations General Review

Current Stage: NOIRA

• Board adopted Proposed stage at the 5/9/2024 meeting.

Next Step: Proposed Stage

- Staff to submit proposed amendments for Executive Branch Review.
- Following completion of Executive Branch review, amendments will be submitted for publication in the Virginia Register, and 60-day public comment period will follow.

Fast-Track Action: Maintenance of Insurance (Home Inspectors)

Current Stage: Fast-Track

• Board staff preparing documents to file fast-track action.

Next Step: Proposed Fast-Track

• Board staff to file proposed fast-track action, followed by Executive Branch review and a public comment period.



TO:	Board for Asbestos, Lead, and Home Inspectors
FROM:	Cameron Parris, Regulatory Operations Administrator
SUBJECT:	Summary of Comments Received: General Review of Home Inspector Regulations
DATE:	November 21, 2024

The public comment period for the proposed stage of the 2020-2021 General Review of Home Inspector Licensing Regulations concluded on September 27, 2024. The Board received four (4) comments on this forum. There was an individual that commented in the forum that also submitted a similar comment via email. There was also one individual that commented at the public hearing, which was held on August 15, 2024.

In summary, commenters expressed concern that the development of the points-based system was rushed and not well thought out, which may negatively impact the quality of education received resulting in individuals being ill-prepared to enter the home inspection profession. It was suggested that the entry requirements were not stringent enough, allowing for an individual to enter the profession after only a short period of acquiring education and experience. There was a proposal to substantially increase eligibility qualifications, which includes an applicant completing an apprenticeship or a two-year degreed curriculum, in addition to practical experience, prior to entering the profession. There was also reference to the necessity for training and expressed concern that the number of hours required to fulfill the continuing education requirement is too low.

Another comment suggested there might be some confusion around proposed changes to disclosure requirements regarding previously performed inspections and findings related to an inspection, as well as confusion related to a proposed change to a prohibited act.

The full comments received via Town Hall are attached to this memo for review. The Board must issue a response to the commenters, which can be delivered as a single statement inclusive of all commenters or issued singly to each commenter. Three of the Town Hall comments received addressed similar concerns while another appeared to be seeking clarification of several proposed amendments. Board staff suggests that one response be issued to commenters expressing similar concerns and a separate response be issued to the commenter seeking clarification of proposed amendments.

Board staff offers the following in response to the three individuals that submitted comments similar in nature (Remmie Arnold, Dylan Morgan, and Anonymous):

"The board is tasked with protecting the health, safety, and welfare of the public by establishing <u>minimum</u> qualifications for entry into the profession. Since implementation of the regulations in 2017, transitioning from voluntary certification to mandatory licensure, the board has received ample feedback from industry professionals and members of the public which largely indicates that the requirements for licensure as a home inspector are overly burdensome and create unnecessary barriers to licensure. The proposed revisions are made to ensure the regulation achieves its intended purpose and does not prohibit otherwise qualified individuals from obtaining licensure in Virginia.

Pathways were created to allow individuals seeking licensure additional ways, not "easier" ways, to obtain a license. The proposed points-based system requires individuals to meet a combination of education and experience requirements and, unlike the current regulation, takes into account various methods in which experience and education requirements can be attained. The proposed amendments also clearly identify what can be considered qualifying experience as to eliminate any confusion surrounding this topic.

Licensees are bound by the regulation, which includes standards for conducting home inspections and standards of practice and conduct. The Board has not been presented with evidence that suggests that making entry requirements more stringent will have a significant impact on reducing the amount complaints received regarding violations of the regulation. Licensees are responsible for knowing, understanding, and abiding by governing laws and regulations, as well as for keeping abreast of changes that impact the industry.

The Board is grateful for all comments received and encourages licensees, the public, and other industry professionals to continue engaging with the Board in future regulatory development"

Board staff offers the following in response to the individual commenter seeking clarification of proposed changes (Michael Donitzen):

"The Board thanks you for your comment and seeks to clarify what appears to be a misunderstanding or misinterpretation of current and proposed regulations.

The requirement that certain information be disclosed, pursuant to 18VAC15-40-120 E, does not include a requirement that details or findings of a previously performed inspection be disclosed; it simply requires that a home inspector disclose the fact that the home inspector has performed an inspection on the building within the preceding 12 months. 18VAC15-40-140 B prohibits a home inspector from disclosing results or findings of a home inspection without approval of the client for whom the inspection was performed. As such, the disclosure required via 18VAC15-40-120 E does not conflict with the provisions of 18VAC15-40-140 B.

Regarding recalling home inspections previously performed, 18VAC15-40-160 C requires that a licensee maintain all records pertaining to home inspections performed, to include written reports and supporting documentation, for a period of three years from the date of the related home inspection. While it may not be feasible to recall every home inspection performed within the preceding 12-month period off the top of one's head, it is feasible to review records to determine whether disclosure is required.

18VAC15-40-155.11 d, which addresses retention or misapplication of funds, simply means that a home inspector must perform the work outlined in the contract for which the home inspector was paid. Simply put, "if you've been paid to complete an inspection, complete the inspection" or, "if you're unable to complete the inspection, return the money." This is a common provision that is also used in other regulations where money is exchanged for contracted work, such as the Board for Contractors.

It is the Board's purpose to promulgate regulations to govern licensees engaged in the profession of home inspecting. The Board does not have the authority to impose regulations or requirements on other professionals, such as Realtors or real estate agents, despite the proximity in which these professionals may work. The Board has thoroughly considered activities associated with conducting home inspections along with feedback

from the public and industry professionals, which has assisted in the development of the proposed regulation. The Board is grateful for all comments received and encourages licensees, the public, and other industry professionals to continue engaging with the Board in future regulatory development."

If the Board is agreeable to these responses, a motion is needed to adopt the responses, followed by a second and the full Board vote. A sample motion is included below:

"I move to adopt the responses offered by Board staff as presented."

If the Board wishes to provide an alternate response or responses the Board may do so. Any response must be voted on and approved by a majority of the Board.

Action: 2020-2021 General Review of Home Inspector Licensing Regulations [5658 / 9548]

А	ction: 2020-2021 Ge	eneral Review of Home Inspector Licensing Regulations [565	58 / 9548]
Commenter	Title	Comment	Date/ID
Remmie Arnold	Regulatory Review of Home Inspections	As a Virginia Home Inspector, member of the Virginia Association of Real Estate Inspectors, certified in testing for Radon, Mold, etc. I have two major concerns with these changes. One, in the rush to open up the avenues to accrue points for getting a home inspector license, not enough DPOR thought has gone into how this affects the quality of educational experience needed to be a "better" qualified inspector. My concern is that the trade-offs offered over actual mentoring experience will reduce, not strengthen, the quality of our profession. Two, the number of continuing education credit hours to renew a license is ridiculously low, especially compared to other similar professions. I would have advocated for doubling the renewal credit hours from 16 to 32 over a two year cycle. These educational opportunities are what keeps home inspectors not only current but moving ahead in their profession. The comments I continually get from clients, realtors, home owners, insurance companies, and DPOR complaints, is that Hone Inspectors need to up their standards, and I fear both the issues I have mentioned do the opposite.	8/6/24 11:31 am CommentID:227297
Michael Donitzen Aztec Home Inspections Inc	Home Inspector/President	I appreciate and thank the board members for their time and for those that volunteer on the board I appreciate their sacrifice. I also appreciate the efforts of all board members toward advancing the home inspection profession while also protecting the Virginia citizen. I am sorry I could not be there on Aug, 15, 2024 but appreciate the board members taking the time to read my concerns with the approaching, proposed changes to the home inspector regulations. Being in the field for over 20 years I have seen my fair share of changes to the profession, and I have experienced the positive and negative of the profession. With that said I wish to address the following: 18VAC15-40-120 Home inspection contract E. If the home inspector has designed or performed repairs or modifications to, <u>or has inspected</u> , the residential building or NRS to be inspected within the preceding 12 months, the home inspection contract must disclose to the client the specifics of the repairs or modifications he designed or performed, <u>or any inspection he</u> performed. Many times over my 20 years of doing home inspections I have arrived to a property and realized I just recently inspected the property. When	8/16/24 7:42 am CommentID:227386

a home inspector is inspecting 2 to 3 homes per day 5 to 6 days a week, remembering the address of every inspection is an unreasonable expectation. Even with the technology of today it does not or may not alert the home inspector that they previously inspected the property.

Then we have 18VAC15-40-140 Conflict of interest B. Notwithstanding the provisions of 18VAC15-40-180, the licensee must not disclose any information concerning the results of the home inspection without the approval of the client for whom the home inspection was performed. However, the licensee may disclose information in situations where there is an imminent endangerment to life or health.

The two regulations 18VAC15-40-120 Home inspection contract and 18VAC15-40-140 Conflict of interest, at minimum, conflict with each other. One requires disclosure and the other prohibits disclosure in regards to the same information.

Writing in a contract that you inspected the property within the last 12 months will most likely go unnoticed by most new clients because most clients never read the contract anyway even when they have ample time to do so.

But why open this door? If a new client actually reads the contract and comes to the realization that the home inspector conducted an inspection of the property within the last 12 months, it will open the door for questions about the previous inspection that the home inspector by regulation cannot answer without written permission from the first client.

It's my position that the previous inspection notification requirement be stricken from the regulations. Additionally, if the first buyer decides not to buy, the inspection report 95% of the time will be handed to a new potential buyer anyway. This should not happen, but it does. The inspection is no longer valid, and in my opinion, this should be an unethical act on the part of the Real Estate Agent.

Last year a colleague received a one star Google review and reached out to me for advice on how to handle the review. The review was placed by a home buyer, but the home inspector did not work for that home buyer. The one year old inspection report was transferred to the new buyer without the consent or knowledge of the home inspector. The review that was placed was in regard to the septic system, a system that was excluded by the contract and a system the inspector was and is not qualified to inspect. This unfortunate series of events should not have taken place and would not have taken place if Realtors were in violation of ethical guidelines if they transfer an inspection report, regardless of age, to a third interested party.

18VAC15-40-155 Prohibited acts

d. The retention or misapplication of funds paid, for which work is either not performed, or performed only in part.

I fail to understand misapplication of funds paid. The home inspection fee is not earnest money, and therefore, I do not understand how any home inspector could misapply fees received whether the inspection

		was completed or not. If a home inspector has set aside a four hour time block and the client cancels at a late time where the inspector cannot fill the time slot, is the inspector not entitled to collect a fee for the late cancelation or provide a credit for when and if the client reschedules? Scheduling a home inspection requires the alignment of four schedules, the Realtor, the buyer, the seller and the home inspector. Sellers are afforded a 24-hour notice, and therefore, a last- minute home inspection appointment is extremely rare. When a client cancels at a time when a time slot cannot be filled the home inspector losses money.	
		The second part of 18VAC15-40-155 "for which work is either not performed, or performed only in part."	
		Many, many times over the past 20 plus years I have set a four hour time block to conduct a full inspection, sent initial scheduling emails and reminder emails two days before the appointment to all parties, (Buyer, Seller's Agent, and Buyers Agent) only to arrive at the property to find the electricity, water, and the gas off; access points, air handlers, and electric panels blocked by storage. Although much effort has been put forward by the home inspector to ensure a full and complete inspection takes place, no home inspector can control the lack of action from others.	
		The Virginia Real Estate Purchase Contract VAR Form 600 Revised 06/24 "Section 15 Equipment Condition and Inspection	
		Sub Section (d)	
		Seller will provide Purchaser, Purchasers professional inspectors and engineers, Selling Company, and representatives of Purchaser's lenders reasonable access to the Property to conduct inspections as appropriate and in compliance with this Contract. Seller will have all utilities in service at the time of all inspections to be conducted pursuant to this Contract, including those provided for in any separate provision or addendum dealing with inspections of the Property"	
		If the seller is by contract required to have all utilities on for the inspection, why then would the home inspector who has no control over the lack of action by other responsible parties be expected to provide a refund or reduce their fee because a system or area could not be inspected? Why would there be an expectation that the home inspector return at a later date without the expectation of compensation?	
		I would request that the board provide a guidance document regarding 18VAC15-40-155 (d) so the over 1300 home inspectors in Virginia understand the cause for this regulation and the intent of the regulation. With the guidance document the home inspector can avoid violations that may lead to sanctions imposed by the board for violating this unclear regulation.	
Dylan Morgan, Proporty	Zero to Licensed Home Inspector in	Dear DPOR Regulatory Review Board,	8/21/24 1:42 pm CommentID:227405
Property Doc	One Month?	Home inspectors serve a vital role not only during a	
DOC		real estate transaction, but also in the future lives of their	
DOC		clients and other community stakeholders. The initial	

substantial for buyers and sellers. Additionally, the longterm consequences of a home inspection affect a client's financial, emotional, and physical wellbeing. Unreported defects can morph into expensive future surprises for the new homeowner. A simple roof leak may cause water damage, leading to mold growth and negatively impacting the health of occupants. Financial strain and health problems can be emotionally distressing.

Home inspectors are oftentimes coming in behind architects, engineers, builders, tradesmen, and other skilled professionals to give their stamp of approval regarding the safety, function, and adequacy of a home's structure and systems. We are evaluating the work of other professions and occupations that require substantially more education and training before one is considered qualified to execute their respective services. For example, licensed architects and engineers must hold four-year degrees in their professions. A typical path towards a master tradesmen's license will involve five years of education and experience.

This leads me to a confounding question: How is it that DPOR has determined that a home inspector is adequately educated and trained with the proposed licensing requirements? Depending on the path chosen, one could satisfy these requirements with about one month's worth of education and experience. DPOR will consider an individual sufficiently qualified to inspect complex structures constructed by other licensed, experienced, or otherwise qualified professionals after just one month of learning and doing. Let that sink in.

Perhaps there is an underestimation of the knowledge that a home inspector must have in order to show up to any house prepared to perform a home inspection according to Virginia's Standards of Practice. Considering that our English ancestors first settled here in the early 1600's, we have several centuries worth of structures scattered throughout the state. There is about 400 years' worth of carpentry in our framing systems, from the early earthfast mortised and tenoned timber frames to today's engineered lumber products, such as LVL and I-joists. One may be fortunate enough to come upon a surviving "Virginia home" comprised of clapboard siding and roofing, while modern houses might use fiber cement, vinyl, and masonry veneer siding and asphalt shingle roofing. There are two centuries of plumbing systems ranging from clay and cast iron to today's PE, PEX, CPVC, PVC, copper, and more. 100-yearold knob and tube electrical systems are still present in some houses, while there are modern systems where houses have more complex needs and protections than ever before, such as GFCI and AFCI. Mechanical systems have transformed from hydronic radiant heating paired with an oil-fired boiler to energy efficient heat pumps and fresh air ventilation systems to complement today's air tight construction. Proper application of building science requires understanding how all of these systems interact with each other to influence the performance of a building's thermal envelope and energy usage. Home inspectors need knowledge of all of those systems and everything in between.

Tradesmen spend many years, if not their entire careers, mastering their craft in just one of the aforementioned areas and often become selective in working with certain materials and systems most familiar to them. How is it conceivable that someone with no background whatsoever in construction, engineering, or trades can learn centuries worth of building systems and materials in one month? While it may hold true in the long run that only the competent home inspectors will survive in the free market, our current system recklessly dispatches unsuspecting consumers as guinea pigs to weed out the low hanging fruit. Imagine the absurdity of applying the same approach for licensing medical doctors. State-mandated licensing brings with it a burden of responsibility that DPOR now bears to set a standard that does not allow incompetent persons to compete in a marketplace where consumers falsely believe that any licensed home inspector can adequately help them make one of the biggest decisions of their lives.

But don't take my word for it. Ask other stakeholders in the local real estate industry. Amateur home inspectors are a headache for everyone. Poorly performed or reported inspection findings lead to confusion for all parties involved and avoidable poor outcomes. If an inadequately trained home inspector fails to report a significant defect on a house, then their client will suffer the consequences for it later. Meanwhile, a standard home inspection contract will only promise that client a refund of the fee that they paid. A typical home inspection fee is in the hundreds, whereas home repairs can easily be in the thousands.

If a home inspector misrepresents a problem or states that there is a problem that does not exist, the clients may back out of the purchase or ask the seller to repair or give a credit. This is unfair to buyers and sellers who are both economically impacted by the outcome of a home inspection. Additionally, real estate agents invest significant resources into guiding their clients through a home sale or purchase. Most of them work on a commission that is contingent upon the sale, so they are left empty-handed when a transaction falls apart after the home inspection. Sometimes this is just the nature of the beast, however, it should not happen due to a misinformed home inspector publishing an inaccurate report.

Builders hold tremendous responsibility and risk in the development and construction of new housing. Most builders take pride in delivering what they believe is a quality product for their customers. However, where there are many hands involved, mistakes will happen. A home inspector can add value to this process as a quality check for the builder that is paid for by the client. However, a home inspector that lacks sufficient knowledge will report items that are not actually a problem, leaving the builder the displeasure of defending their work and hoping their client believes them. Even worse, the home inspector might miss things that actually are a problem.

County-employed building inspectors wind up fielding questions and concerns over home inspection findings too, where they need to correct or clarify a home inspector's report, taking time away from their other responsibilities and leaving taxpayers with the bill. Home inspectors incorrectly citing the Uniform Statewide Building Code was so problematic that we have lost the discretion to do so. Rather than to raise the standard for licensing, DPOR settled for the lowest common denominator by diminishing the professional autonomy of all home inspectors. What is particularly concerning is that DPOR is moving further down this path by prohibiting home inspectors from advising their clients about engaging in a real estate contract or providing an opinion of value. While I believe that either of these actions is almost always bad practice, there certainly could be rare situations where it is appropriate and the inspector is qualified to offer advice in these areas.

Instead of any further professional restrictions, I believe that is both necessary and prudent to substantially increase the eligibility qualifications for a home inspector license in Virginia. By raising the bar on the minimum standards that our state will accept, we improve the outcomes of homeownership for consumers and for all other stakeholders. I propose two paths to a home inspector career:

- The first is a traditional path of apprenticeship. This path requires 240 hours of formal education and four years of practical experience under the supervision of a Licensed Home Inspector.
- The second is an entrepreneurial path for the ambitious. This path requires the completion of a two-year degreed curriculum offered by a local community college. Ten mock inspections where the condition of the subject properties has already been evaluated by the examiner must be performed by the graduate at a sufficient level to demonstrate field competency in a variety of house settings.

These paths in tandem will still allow for competition and fair opportunity for new entrants, but weed out amateurs that will cause harm to consumers. Further restricting the supply of home inspectors will inevitably lead to increased prices for consumers, all else equal. However, it is important to weigh this increased upfront cost with the long-term cost of allowing unqualified persons into the profession. Consumers are better served paying more for their home inspections when they can count on a reasonable standard of competency from any of the available market options. Additionally, higher prices will attract more talent, leading to greater value delivered to

		the consumer. This is a great profession. I love waking up every day to go see new places, meet new clients, learn new things, and look out for my community. Others should have the opportunity to participate, as well, and I do not wish to close the door behind me. Oftentimes, formerly licensed professionals are grandfathered in when new standards are set, which is an unfair disadvantage to newcomers. As a testament to my conviction, I will also complete 240 hours of formal education and ten graded mock inspections side-by-side with other aspiring home inspectors upon the adoption of these standards. All currently licensed home inspectors should meet this standard within two years of implementation to ensure a level playing field and consistent professionalism for consumers.	
Anonymous	- •	I believe there needs to be adequate training in this area	8/25/24 2:04 pm
	important	and not to rush through the Regulatory Action. This is citizens' homes and needs to be taken with serious consideration. Please stop rushing through the policy.	CommentID:227428

Ι

1	COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA
2	DEPARTMENT OF PROFESSIONAL AND OCCUPATIONAL REGULATION
3	
4	BOARD FOR ASBESTOS, LEAD AND HOME INSPECTORS
5	REGULATORY PUBLIC HEARING
6	
7	HEARD BEFORE: CAMERON PARRIS
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9	
10	August 15, 2024
11	SECOND FLOOR CONFERENCE CENTER
12	HENRICO, VIRGINIA 23233
13	2:00 P.M.
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1	APPEARANCES:
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3	REGULATORY OPERATIONS ADMINISTRATOR: CAMERON PARRIS
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5	
6	STAFF: KYLE MATHEWS, Regulatory Analyst
7	
8	ALSO PRESENT: TILLMAN SIMMS, President of Virginia
9	Association of Real Estate Inspectors.
10	
11	ALEX ADDERTON, Part-Time Executive
12	Director for the Virginia Association of Real Estate
13	Inspectors.
14	HOLLIS BROWN: Charter Member of Virginia
15	Association of Real Estate Inspectors
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1	NOTE: The public Hearing
2	convened at 2:00 p.m.
3	MISS PARRIS: I'm Cameron Parris. I'm the
4	Regulatory Operations Administrator for the Board for
5	Asbestos, Lead and Home Inspectors.
6	This is a Public Hearing being held at the
7	Perimeter Center in Richmond, Virginia.
8	This hearing is held pursuant to the
9	Administrative Process Act, 2.2-4007 of the code of
10	Virginia, for the purpose of receiving public comment on
11	the proposed amendments to the Board's general review of
12	Home Inspector Licensing Regulations, published in the
13	Virginia Register on July 29, 2024, Volume 40, Issue 25.
14	Let me begin by introducing Kyle Mathews.
15	He's our regulatory analyst.
16	A few ground rules before we begin. The
17	Board will receive comments from any member of the
18	public who wishes to speak. Comments will be limited to
19	five minutes. If you have not signed up to speak and
20	you wish to provide your testimony to me, please sign
21	in, which all of you have done.
22	Anyone may speak in rebuttal to the
23	comments of another speaker. And those comments will
24	also be limited to five minutes. I will call for
25	rebuttal comments when all speakers on the sign-in sheet

Hearing of

1 have finished. 2 The Panel may ask speakers questions or 3 request clarification of a statement; however, this is 4 not the proper forum for questions to the Board. If you 5 have a question for the Board, please forward it in 6 writing, to the Board by e-mail, fax or regular mail. 7 Any speaker who wishes to provide a written 8 statement in addition to their oral testimony may do so. 9 And the written statement will be marked as an exhibit 10 for this hearing. Written comment not presented at this 11 Hearing will be accepted at the following address: 12 Board for Asbestos, Lead and Home Inspectors; c/o 13 Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation; 14 9960 Mayland Drive, Suite 400; Richmond, Virginia 23233 15 Comments may also be sent via fax to 16 866-430-1933 or by e-mail to ALHI@dpor.virginia.gov. 17 Written comments will be accepted by the Board until 18 5:00 p.m., September 27, 2024. 19 At this time, I will call the first 20 Mr. Brown? speaker. 21 MR. BROWN: I have nothing. 22 MISS PARRIS: You don't wish to speak? 23 MR. BROWN: No. 24 MISS PARRIS: Okay. 25 We'll keep a clock up here. Mr. Simms.

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1 You have five minutes. So we'll just flag you when the 2 five minutes is over. Please come up. 3 MR. SIMMS: Thank you. I won't be long. 4 MISS PARRIS: Okay. 5 MR. SIMMS: I just wanted to note the 6 Regulation changes. How are they going to affect home 7 inspectors? I haven't read it yet. I have it. I just 8 qot it. 9 So I need to know: What do we need to do 10 different? We know that there were some changes coming, 11 like for smoke alarm detectors, carbon monoxide detectors; but what else will affect the home 12 13 inspectors? If I could get an answer from you. 14 MISS PARRIS: Yeah. So we can't answer 15 those questions here; however, the text, the proposed 16 text, is available on the Town Hall website. So you can 17 read all the proposed changes. 18 I do want to emphasize that it's just in 19 the proposed stage. So all comments that we receive via 20 Town Hall today, e-mail, written, we will present to the 21 Board. The Board still has to receive all comments, 22 acknowledge comments. And then, at a point in the 23 future, we'll adopt a final regulation. 24 So what you read out there now is just 25 proposed.

1	MR. SIMMS: Okay.
2	It's not final. It's not effective. It is
3	just proposed.
4	MR. SIMMS: So we're just compiling what
5	may happen?
6	MISS PARRIS: Yes, sir.
7	MR. SIMMS: And it still has to be
8	approved?
9	THE COURT: Yes, sir.
10	MR. SIMMS: Really, that's all I needed to
11	know.
12	THE COURT: Okay.
13	MR. SIMMS: And I wanted to make sure I
14	understood.
15	MISS PARRIS: Are you registered on Town
16	Hall?
17	MR. SIMMS: No, I'm not, but I know how to
18	get on.
19	Okay. I strongly suggest it. Everything
20	that the Board does, their meetings, their minutes, all
21	proposed regulatory changes are all available on Town
22	Hall. And you can read the full text.
23	MR. SIMMS: Okay. Thank you so much.
24	MISS PARRIS: Thank you.

1 MR. ADDERTON: I scratched out a few notes 2 My name is Alex Adderton. I have been a home here. 3 inspector for past seven years, right after licensing 4 was implemented in Virginia in July of 2017. And I 5 currently serve as the Part-Time Executive Director for б the Virginia Association of Real Estate Inspectors; also known by the acronym as VAREI, an organization that 7 8 supports Virginia's nearly one thousand inspectors. 9 I had the privilege of serving on the 10 Subcommittee that first reviewed the regulations in 11 accordance with the practice that licensed professionals 12 in Virginia have a regulatory review every three years; 13 of course, this would have been at the very first 14 regulatory review, after licensing was implemented for 15 home inspectors. 16 The Committee met for several times, from 17 late 2020 to early 2021. It was instructed to consider 18 that it needed to appropriate in the review a particular 19 emphasis on making home inspection licensing more 20 accessible for experienced inspectors that may be moving 21 to Virginia and who expressed frustration that, even 22 though they were experienced; some with ten or fifteen 23 years inspection under their belt, that they would have 24 to submit to a mentoring-type program, what's commonly 25 referred to in the regulations as a supervised

1	inspection. But in practice, we have called them ride
2	alongs, where they would accompany an experienced
3	inspector already licensed in Virginia. And there were
4	different requirements for different levels of numbers
5	of these types of inspections that they would accompany.
6	And the Committee focused particular
7	attention on this area of opening up the doors to
8	recognize that related experience that was being brought
9	to the table.
10	And, at this time, the Committee had three
11	licensed inspectors, as I mentioned, including myself;
12	along with some other individuals that were either on
13	ALHI Board or had construction experience.
14	So, after much discission and prompting to
15	make entry into the profession easier, the Board arrived
16	at a point system. And there's been some discussion
17	within the VAREI Board about how this actually came
18	about.
19	And one of the things that came up was,
20	with this point system, was both recognizing educational
21	experience and practical experience, or education and
22	practical experience. And the total points at that
23	Subcommittee that were recommended was to have twenty
24	points, divided among the two different areas that are
25	now recognized.

1 And, somewhere along the line -- and it has 2 been three years, over three years, since these 3 recommendations were submitted by the Subcommittee. 4 With all the regulatory reviewed processes, it's gotten 5 reduced down to a lower point level. And I would just б suggest there were reasons why that Subcommittee came up 7 with the recommended point total and that it should be 8 restored to what it was.

9 The other area that I would recommend is 10 for DPOR to reconsider in the Regulation actually 11 increasing the number of CE-type credits that would be 12 required for renewal of licensing.

And the reason for this is that, this is a very emerging field with lots of new technologies. We face many situations with not only new construction, but new technologies and various procedures that are emerging in the construction field.

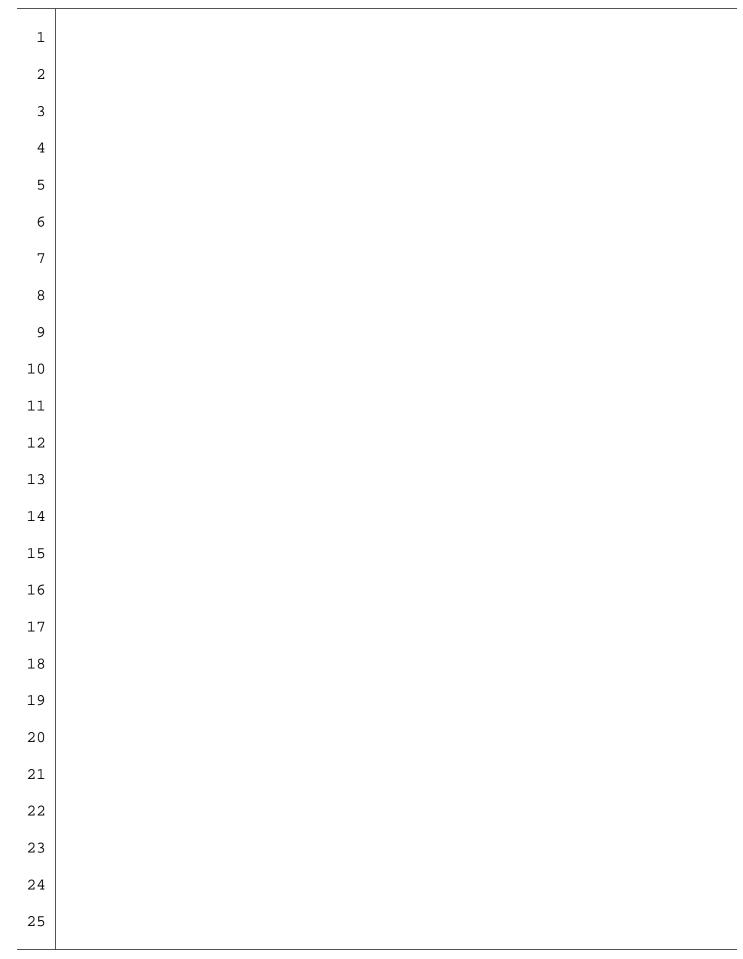
But we're also dealing with old homes, homes that have been renovated by less-than-qualified contractors. We're looking at handyman-type repairs that have been made, based on one's sense of what is good or not good.

And we're aligned with the purposes of DPOR to protect the best interest and safety of the public, and that would be our clients, obviously, that we're Τ

1	doing these inspections for. And it just seems that we
2	need to not lower the bar, but we need to, even as a
3	minimum standard, raise it to be more in line with
4	keeping home inspectors on the top of their games, that
5	they're doing the best jobs, based on the education and
6	experience that they have.
7	MR. MATHEWS: Your five minutes is up.
8	MISS PARRIS: Sir, your five minutes has
9	expired.
10	MR. ADDERTON: Okay.
11	MISS PARRIS: What you can do, if you want
12	to submit anything else in writing, or if you're able to
13	do that; but, unfortunately, we have to limit all
14	comments to five minutes.
15	MR. ADDERTON: I'm actually finished, so I
16	don't have anything else to say. That was the last
17	point.
18	MISS PARRIS: Oh, perfect.
19	Did you have something to add?
20	MR. SIMMS: Yes, ma'am. Thank you.
21	I didn't do a proper introduction. I'm
22	Tillman Simms. I'm the president of VAREI. This is our
23	executive director, and this is Hollis. And Alex did a
24	great job. I knew he would. So I concur with what he
25	said. But I didn't do a proper introduction: Tillman,

Hearing of	

1	Simms, President of VAREI.
2	MISS PARRIS: And you're the president?
3	MR. SIMMS: Yes, ma'am.
4	MISS PARRIS: And, Mr. Brown, what is your
5	title?
6	MR. BROWN: I'm a charter member.
7	MISS PARRIS: Okay. I just wanted to make
8	sure I have all that correct.
9	Well I don't think anyone is here to
10	provide a rebuttal statement. So, since there is no
11	further comment today, I declare this Public Hearing
12	closed. We do thank you all for coming.
13	Like I said, if you want to submit anything
14	else in writing, via e-mail, fax, you can certainly do
15	that.
16	And also, Mr. Simms, as we talked about,
17	please sign for updates on Town Hall.
18	MR. SIMMS: Right.
19	THE COURT: Thank you. You'll have access
20	to everything.
21	Thank you all.
22	MR. SIMMS: Thank you.
23	
24	* * * *
25	(Whereupon the Public Hearing concluded at 2:15 p.m.)



1	CERTIFICATE OF COURT REPORTER
2	
3	
4	I, Dawn Testa, hereby certify that I was
5	the Court Reporter at the Board for Asbestos, Lead, and
6	Home Inspectors Regulatory Public Hearing heard in the
7	County of Henrico, Virginia, on August 15, 2024, at the
8	time of the hearing herein.
9	I further certify that the foregoing
10	transcript is, to the best of my ability, a true and
11	accurate record of the testimony and incidents of the
12	hearing herein.
13	Given under my hand this 15th day of
14	August, 2024.
15	Dawn Testa
16	Dawn Testa Notary Registration No. 7811201
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19	My Commission Expires: August 31, 2027
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Farnsworth & Taylor Reporting, LLC

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- 2 Virginia Board For Asbestos, Lead, And Home Inspectors
- 3 2020-2021 General Review of Home Inspector Licensing Regulations
- 4 18VAC15-40-10. Definitions.

A. Section 54.1-500 of the Code of Virginia provides definitions of the following terms and
phrases as used in this chapter:

- 7 "Board"
- 8 "Home inspection"
- 9 "Home inspector"
- 10 "Person"
- **11** "Residential building"
- 12 B. Section 54.1-517.2:1 of the Code of Virginia provides definitions of the following terms and
- **13** phrases as used in 18VAC15-40-130:
- 14 "Bonding"
- **15** "Corrugated stainless steel tubing"
- 16 "Grounding"
- 17 C. The following words and terms when used in this chapter shall have the following meanings
- **18** unless a different meaning is provided or is plainly required by the context:
- **19** "Address of record" means the mailing address designated by the licensee to receive notices
- **20** and correspondence from the board.
- 21 "Adjacent" means adjoining or within three feet of the residential building and that may affect
- the residential building.

23	"Applicant" means an individual who has submitted an application for licensure.
24	"Application" means a completed, board-prescribed form submitted with the appropriate fee
25	and other required documentation.
26	"Client" means a person who engages the services of a home inspector for a home inspection.
27	"Compensation" means the receipt of monetary payment or other valuable consideration for
28	services rendered.
29	"Component" means a part of a system.
30	"Contact hour" means 50 minutes of participation in a structured training activity.
31	"Course of construction inspection" means one or more inspections conducted during the
32	construction of a new residential structure.
33	"CPE" means continuing professional education.
34	"Department" means the Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation.
35	"Describe" means to report a system or component by its type or other observed significant
36	characteristics to distinguish it from other systems or components.
37	"Direct supervision" means that a licensed home inspector is physically present on the
38	premises at all times and is at all times responsible for compliance with this chapter.
39	"Financial interest" means financial benefit accruing to an individual or to a member of his that
40	individual's immediate family. Such interest shall exist by reason of (i) ownership in a business if
41	the ownership exceeds 3.0% of the total equity of the business; (ii) annual gross income that
42	exceeds or may be reasonably anticipated to exceed \$1,000 \$2,000 from ownership in real or

44 debt, or benefits from the use of property, or any combination of it these, paid or provided by a

personal property or a business; (iii) salary, other compensation, fringe benefits, forgiveness of

43

45 business person that exceeds or may be reasonably expected to exceed \$1,000 \$2,000 annually;

46 (iv) ownership of real or personal property if the interest exceeds \$1,000 \$2,000 in value and
47 excluding ownership in business, income, salary, other compensation, fringe benefits, or benefits
48 from the use of property; (v) personal liability incurred or assumed on behalf of a business if the
49 liability exceeds 3.0% of the asset value of the business; or (vi) an option for ownership of a
50 business, real property, or personal property if the ownership interest will consist of clause (i) or
51 (iv) of this definition.

52 "Fireplace" means an interior fire resistant masonry permanent or prefabricated fixture that
53 can be used to burn fuel and is either vented or unvented assembly consisting of a hearth and

54 fire chamber of noncombustible material provided with a chimney for use with solid fuel.

55 "Foundation" means the element of a structure that connects to the ground and transfers loads56 from the structure to the ground. Foundations may be shallow or deep.

57 "Good working order" means, with respect to a smoke alarm inspected during a home
58 inspection, that the smoke alarm is securely attached, not physically damaged, and operation of
59 the test function is successful.

60 "Licensee" means a home inspector as defined in Chapter 5 (§ 54.1-500 et seq.) of Title 54.161 of the Code of Virginia.

62 "Licensure" means a method of regulation whereby the Commonwealth, through the issuance
63 of a license, authorizes a person possessing the character and minimum skills to engage in the
64 practice of a profession or occupation that is unlawful to practice without such license.

65 "New residential structure" or "NRS" means a residential structure for which the first
66 conveyance of record title to a purchaser has not occurred or the purchaser has not taken
67 possession, whichever occurs later.

68 "NRS specialty" means a designation granted by the board to a home inspector that
69 authorizes such individual licensee to conduct <u>a</u> home inspections inspection on any <u>a</u> new
70 residential structure.

71 "Outbuilding" means any structure on the property that is more than three feet from the72 residential building and that may affect the residential building.

73 "Prelicense education course" means an instruction program approved by the board and is
74 one of the requirements for licensure effective July 1, 2017.

"Qualifying experience" means the experience used by a home inspector applicant to qualify
 a time inspector applicant to qualify

76 <u>for licensure.</u>

77 "Readily accessible" means available for access without requiring moving or removing of any78 obstacles.

79 "Reinstatement" means the process and requirements through which an expired license can80 be made valid without the licensee having to apply as a new applicant.

81 "Renewal" means the process and requirements for periodically approving the continuance of82 a license.

83 "Residential structure" means a structure consisting of no more than two dwelling units or a84 townhouse.

85 "Smoke alarm" means (i) a single station or multiple station alarm responsive to smoke; or (ii)
86 a "smoke detector" as used in Chapter 398 of the 2022 Acts of Assembly.

87 "Solid fuel burning <u>fuel-burning</u> appliances" means a hearth and fire chamber or similarly
88 prepared place in which a fire may be built and that is built in conjunction with a chimney, or a
89 listed assembly of a fire chamber, its chimney and related factory-made parts designed for unit
90 assembly without requiring field construction <u>chimney-connected devices that burn solid fuel for</u>

- 91 purposes of heating, cooking, or both. Such appliances include wood stoves, fireplace wood-
- 92 <u>burning inserts, wood pellet-burning appliances, or similar solid fuel-burning devices</u>.
- 93 "System" means a combination of interacting or interdependent components, assembled to
- 94 carry out one or more functions.
- 95 "Virginia Residential Code" means the provisions of the Virginia Construction Code (Part I
- 96 (13VAC5-63-10 et seq. through 13VAC5-63-390) of 13VAC5-63) applicable to R-5 residential
- 97 structures and that includes provisions of the International Residential Code as amended by the
- **98** Board of Housing and Community Development.
- 99 18VAC15-40-20. Necessity for licensure.
- A. It shall be unlawful for any individual who does not possess a license as a home inspectorissued by the board to perform a home inspection for compensation on a residential building.
- B. A home inspection on a new residential structure, to include any course of construction
 inspection, shall only be conducted by a home inspector with the NRS specialty and who has
 completed a training module on the Virginia Residential Code.
- 105 <u>C. An individual who does not hold a license as a home inspector and who is only conducting</u>
 106 inspections of a component or system of a residential building is not considered to be performing
 107 a home inspection.
- **108 18VAC15-40-25.** Application procedures.
- A. All applicants seeking licensure shall <u>must</u> submit an application with the appropriate fee
 specified in 18VAC15-40-50. Application shall <u>will</u> be made on forms provided by the board or its
 <u>the board's</u> agent.
- 112 1. By submitting the application to the department, the applicant certifies that the applicant113 has read and understands the applicable statutes and the board's regulations.

114 2. The receipt of an application and the deposit of fees by the board do not indicate115 approval of the application by the board.

B. The board may make further inquiries and investigations with respect to the applicant's
qualifications to confirm or amplify information supplied. All applications shall <u>must</u> be completed
in accordance with the instructions contained in this section and on the application. Applications
will not be considered complete until all required documents are received by the board.

120 C. The applicant will be notified within 30 days of the board's receipt of an initial application if
121 the application is incomplete. An individual who fails to complete the application process within
122 12 months of receipt of the application in the board's office must submit a new application.

D. The applicant shall <u>must</u> immediately report all changes in information supplied with the
 application, if applicable, prior to issuance of the license or expiration of the application.

125 18VAC15-40-30. General requirements for licensure.

A. In addition to the provisions of 18VAC15-40-32, every applicant for a home inspector
license shall must meet the requirements provided in this section.

128 B. The applicant shall <u>must</u> be at least 18 years old.

C. The applicant shall <u>must</u> provide <u>a mailing an</u> address, which shall <u>will</u> serve as the address
of record. A post office box is only acceptable as the address of record when a physical address
is also provided.

D. In accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia, each applicant shall must disclose
the following information:

All misdemeanor convictions involving moral turpitude, sexual offense, non-marijuana
 drug distribution, or physical injury, except marijuana convictions, within five three years
 of the date of the application; and

137 2. All felony convictions during the applicant's lifetime.

Any plea of nolo contendere shall be considered a conviction for the purposes of this section.
 The record of conviction received from a court shall be accepted as prima facie evidence of a
 conviction or finding of guilt. The board, in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant in
 accordance with § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia.

E. The applicant for licensure shall <u>must</u> be in compliance with the standards of conduct and
practice set forth in Part V (18VAC15-40-140 et seq. <u>through 18VAC15-40-180</u>) of this chapter at
the time of application, while the application is under review by the board, and at all times when
the license is in effect.

146 F. The applicant shall must report any suspension, revocation, or surrender of a license, 147 certification, or registration in connection with a disciplinary action or a license, certification, or 148 registration that has been the subject of discipline in any jurisdiction prior to applying for licensure 149 action taken by any board or administrative body in any jurisdiction against a professional or 150 occupational license, certification, or registration issued to the applicant, to include any 151 suspension, revocation, or surrender of a license, certification, or registration; imposition of a 152 monetary penalty; or requirement to take remedial education or other corrective action. The board, 153 in its discretion, may deny licensure to any applicant based on prior suspensions, revocations, or 154 surrender of licenses based on disciplinary action by for any prior action taken by any board or 155 administrative body in any jurisdiction. The applicant has the right to request further review of any 156 such action by the board under the Administrative Process Act (§ 2.2-4000 et seq. of the Code of 157 Virginia).

G. The applicant for licensure shall <u>must</u> submit evidence <u>satisfactory to the board</u> of having
obtained general liability insurance with minimum limits of \$250,000 per occurrence. A business
liability insurance policy or a commercial general liability insurance policy with minimum limits of
\$250,000 may be considered to meet such requirement, so long as the applicant is listed as an

additional insured. If for any reason the board cannot reasonably ensure that the applicant is
sufficiently covered in accordance with this subsection, the board may require that requisite
coverage be obtained in the name of the applicant. Proof of such insurance policy must be
submitted in order to obtain the license.

166 18VAC15-40-32. Qualifications for licensure.

167 A. <u>Qualifications for licensure</u>. An applicant for licensure as a home inspector shall <u>must</u>

168 furnish documentation acceptable to the board that one of the qualifications for licensure in Table

169 1 has been met.

		TABLE 1	
	Board-approved prelicense education course contact hours	Experience	Passed the board- approved examination
1.	35	Completion of 100 home inspections prior to July 1, 2017	Yes
2.	35	Completion of 50 home inspections under the direct supervision of a home inspector	Yes
3.	70	Completion of 50 home inspections prior to July 1, 2017	Yes
4 .	70	Completion of 25 home inspections under the direct supervision of a home inspector	¥es
5.	None	Verification of 10 years' experience as a home inspector prior to July 1, 2017, with a minimum of 250 home inspections completed during such time period	¥es

170 B. Prelicense education courses must be approved by the board pursuant to Part VI

- 171 (18VAC15-40-200 et seq.) of this chapter. No more than half of the required hours may be
- 172 completed using distance or online education technology.

173	C. Verification of home inspections completed under the direct supervision of a home		
174	inspector must be provided by an individual who was properly licensed or certified by the board		
175	during the applicable time period.		
176	D. The National Home Inspector Examination provided by the Examination Board of		
177	Professional Home Inspectors is the board-approved examination pursuant to § 54.1-517.2 A 2 c		
178	of the Code of Virginia. of the following:		
179	1. The applicant has passed a board-approved examination. The National Home Inspector		
180	Examination provided by the Examination Board of Professional Home Inspectors is the		
181	board-approved examination pursuant to § 54.1-517.2 A 2 c of the Code of Virginia.		
182	2. A minimum of 15 qualifying points from a combination of the following education and		
183	experience, with a minimum of five points from each category in Tables 1 and 2. An		
184	applicant cannot be assigned points from multiple areas in each table for the same activity		
185	for which credit is being sought. Except as provided in Tables 1 and 2, an applicant cannot		
186	be assigned points multiple times for the same activity for which credit is being sought.		
	TABLE 1		
	Qualifying Points Table: Education Category		
Points	Education Description Maximum		

<u>Points</u> <u>Assigned</u>	Education Description	<u>Maximum</u> <u>Allowable Points</u>
<u>5</u>	Successfully completed a three credit-hour minimum class with a passing grade in home inspection from an accredited college or university pursuant to 18VAC15-40-32 C.	<u>5</u>
<u>1</u>	Successfully completed a three credit-hour minimum class with a passing grade in construction, remodeling, engineering, architecture, building design, building technology, or real estate from an accredited college or university pursuant to 18VAC15-40-32 C. [*]	<u>3</u>
<u>1</u>	Successfully completed a four-hour minimum course specific to home inspection contracts, home inspection reports, or topics covered on the board-approved examination.*	<u>3</u>
<u>5</u>	Successfully completed a minimum 35-hour prelicense education course approved by the board in accordance with Part VI (18VAC15-40-200 through 18VAC15-40-300) of this chapter.	<u>5</u>

<u>10</u>	Successfully completed a minimum 70-hour prelicense education course approved by the board in accordance with Part VI (18VAC15-40-200 through 18VAC15-40-300) of this chapter.	<u>10</u>
	<u>TABLE 2</u> Qualifying Points Table: Experience Category	
<u>Points</u> <u>Assigned</u>	Experience Description	<u>Maximum</u> <u>Allowable Points</u>
<u>2</u>	One month of full-time qualifying experience pursuant to subsection B of this section.*	<u>12</u>
<u>1</u>	Completion of five home inspections under the direct supervision of a home inspector or without supervision if lawfully conducted as authorized under the laws of the applicable jurisdiction.*	<u>12</u>
<u>1</u>	Membership in a home inspector trade or professional association.	<u>2</u>
2	One year teaching at an accredited college or university, trade school, or private business for monetary compensation in construction, remodeling, engineering, architecture, building design, building technology, real estate, or home inspections.*	<u>6</u>
<u>2</u>	The qualified individual of a contractor license issued pursuant to Chapter 11 (§ 54.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia for one or more of the following classifications or specialty services: 1. Residential building contractors (RBC) 2. Home improvement contracting (HIC) 3. Commercial building contractors (CBC)	<u>2</u>
<u>1</u>	The qualified individual of a contractor license issued pursuant to Chapter 11 (§ 54.1-1100 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia for one or more of the following classifications: 1. Electrical contractors (ELE) 2. HVAC contractors (HVA) 3. Plumbing contractors (PLB)	<u>3</u>
<u>2</u>	<u>Architect or professional engineer licensed pursuant to Chapter 4 (§ 54.1-400 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia.</u>	2
<u>2</u>	Building code official certified pursuant to the Department of Housing and Community Development Virginia Certification Standards (13VAC5-21).	2
<u>* Points ma</u>	y be assigned multiple times for this activity.	

¹⁸⁷ B. Qualifying experience. In order to be acceptable, qualifying experience must meet all of the

^{188 &}lt;u>following:</u>

189	<u>1. Experience must be verified by one or more of the following: licensed home inspector;</u>
190	qualified individual or responsible manager of a licensed contractor; or any combination
191	of at least three licensed real estate professionals or clients.
192	2. An applicant's experience must have been gained by assisting a properly licensed or
193	certified home inspector, as applicable, and under such home inspector's direct
194	supervision or through the performance of home inspections as authorized under the laws
195	of the applicable jurisdiction.
196	3. For the purposes of this part, experience requirements are expressed in terms of
197	calendar periods of full-time employment.
198	a. A month of full-time qualifying experience is a minimum of 146 hours during a one-
199	month period or a minimum of 18 workdays in a one-month period. More than 146
200	hours or 18 workdays during a one-month period will not be considered as more than
201	one month of full-time employment.
202	b. Partial credit may be given for actual hours of qualifying experience if the applicant's
203	experience was gained working less than full time.
204	C. Accredited colleges or universities and verification procedures. An applicant seeking to
205	gualify for licensure based on completion of a class from an accredited college or university must
206	submit an official transcript from the school where the applicable class was completed. Only
207	classes from an accredited college or university that is approved or accredited by the Commission
208	on Colleges of the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools, a regional or national
209	accreditation association, or by an accrediting agency that is recognized by the U.S. Secretary of
210	Education will be considered. An applicant seeking to qualify for licensure based on working or
211	teaching at an accredited college or university must submit evidence satisfactory to the board of
212	employment by the college or university. Only employment with an accredited college or university

213 that is approved or accredited by the Commission on Colleges of the Southern Association of

214 Colleges and Schools, a regional or national accreditation, or by an accrediting agency that is

215 recognized by the U.S. Secretary of Education will be considered.

216 18VAC15-40-33. Examination conduct.

Procedures and appropriate conduct established by the board or examination organization administering the examination approved by the board, or both, shall <u>must</u> be followed by the applicant. Such procedures shall include written instructions communicated prior to the examination date and instructions communicated at the site, either written or oral, on the date of the examination. Failure to comply with all procedures established by the board or the examination organization with regard to conduct at the examination shall <u>will</u> be grounds for denial of the application.

224 18VAC15-40-35. Qualifications for the new residential structure specialty.

To obtain the NRS specialty, the applicant shall <u>must</u> submit the appropriate application form
and fee pursuant to 18VAC15-40-50 and meet the following qualifications:

- 1. Hold a current and valid home inspector license. An applicant who does not hold a
 current and valid home inspector license shall must apply for such licensure and meet the
 requirements contained in 18VAC15-40-30 and 18VAC15-40-32.
- 230 2. Submit proof of successful completion of an NRS training module approved by the board
 231 pursuant to Part VI (18VAC15-40-200 et seq. <u>through 18VAC15-40-300</u>) of this chapter
- and completed no more than two years prior to the date of application.

233 18VAC15-40-48. General fee requirements.

All fees are nonrefundable and shall will not be prorated. The date on which the fee is received

235 by the department or its the department's agent will determine whether the fee is on time. Checks

236 or money orders shall <u>must</u> be made payable to the Treasurer of Virginia.

237 18VAC15-40-50. Fees.

238 <u>A.</u> The following table lists fees:

Fee type	Fee amount	When due
Initial home inspector application	\$80	With application for home inspector
Initial NRS specialty application	\$80	With application for NRS specialty designation
Home inspector renewal	\$45	With renewal application
Home inspector with NRS specialty renewal	\$90	With renewal application
Home inspector reinstatement	\$125	With reinstatement application
Home inspector with NRS specialty reinstatement	\$170	With reinstatement application
Prelicense education course approval	\$250	With prelicense education course approval application
NRS training module approval	\$150	With NRS training module approval application
NRS CPE course approval	\$150	With NRS CPE course approval application

239

Solution For licenses expiring after February 1, 2020, and before February 1, 2022, the renewal fees

240 shall be as follows:

Home inspector renewal	\$40
Home inspector with NRS specialty	\$80
renewal	

241 For reinstatement applications received after March 1, 2020, and on or before February 28,

242 2022, the reinstatement fees shall be as follows:

Home inspector reinstatement	\$120
Home inspector with NRS specialty reinstatement	\$160

243 <u>B. For licenses expiring after February 1, 2022, and before February 1, 2024, the renewal</u>

244 fees shall be as follows:

Home inspector renewal	<mark>\$25</mark>
Home inspector with NRS specialty	<mark>\$50</mark>
renewal	

245 C. For reinstatement applications received after March 1, 2022, and on or before February

246 29, 2024, the reinstatement fees shall be as follows:

Home inspector reinstatement	<mark>\$105</mark>
Home inspector with NRS specialty	<mark>\$130</mark>
reinstatement	

247 18VAC15-40-60. Renewal required.

248 Licenses issued under this chapter shall will expire two years from the last day of the month249 in which they were issued.

250 18VAC15-40-72. Continuing professional education required for home inspector licensure.

A. Each licensee shall have completed must complete 16 contact hours of continuing
 professional education (CPE) during each license renewal cycle. CPE can be met through
 classroom instruction, distance learning, or online education technology.

B. Notwithstanding the provisions of 18VAC15-40-75, the subject matter addressed during
CPE contact hours shall be is limited to the content areas covered by the board's approved
examination and the list of acceptable topics provided in 18VAC15-40-73.

257 C. The licensee shall <u>will</u> not receive CPE credit for the same training course more than once
258 during a single license renewal cycle.

D. A licensee who completes the initial training module required by 18VAC15-40-35 to obtain
an NRS specialty may count completion of the module towards toward the required 16 hours of
CPE credit for that renewal cycle.

262 <u>18VAC15-40-73. Acceptable topics for continuing professional education.</u>

A. The following topics will be accepted for CPE credit, all as related to home inspection
 services:

265 <u>1. Site conditions;</u>

266	2. Exterior components;
267	3. Roof components;
268	<u>4. Structural components;</u>
269	<u>5. Electrical systems;</u>
270	<u>6. Cooling systems:</u>
271	7. Heating systems;
272	8. Insulation, moisture management systems, and ventilation systems;
273	9. Mechanical exhaust systems;
274	<u>10. Plumbing systems;</u>
275	11. Interior components;
276	12. Fireplaces, fuel-burning appliances, chimney, and vent systems;
277	13. Common permanently installed kitchen appliances;
278	14. Home inspection reporting requirements;
279	15. Responsibilities to the client, including required home inspection contract elements;
280	16. Laws and regulations applicable to the profession; and
281	17. Content areas covered by the board's approved examination.
282	B. In addition to the topics provided in subsection A of this section, a licensee may receive a
283	maximum of four contact hours of CPE credit for completion of training required to maintain
284	credentials related to home inspection services, including asbestos inspection, lead inspection,
285	and radon testing.
286	C. A licensee may apply completion of the NRS CPE course, as applicable, toward the 16
287	contact hours of CPE required for license renewal.

288 18VAC15-40-75. Board-approved new residential structure update continuing professional 289 education course required to maintain new residential structure specialty.

<u>A.</u> In addition to the CPE requirements of 18VAC15-40-72, to maintain the NRS specialty, the
 licensee shall <u>must</u> submit proof of completion of a four-hour, board-approved NRS CPE course,
 which can be applied toward the 16 contact hours of CPE required for the license renewal.

293 B. A licensee who has taken the initial NRS training module pursuant to subdivision 2 of

294 <u>18VAC15-40-35 no more than one year before the expiration date on the license will not require</u>

295 proof of the NRS CPE course for that renewal. All other requirements for renewal must be met in

296 order to renew the license and the home inspector is still required to have completed all other

297 <u>CPE requirements pursuant to this chapter.</u>

298 18VAC15-40-76. Continuing professional education for instructors.

A licensee may receive CPE credit for teaching a course that otherwise meets the requirements of this chapter; however, additional credit shall will not be given for subsequent offerings of a course or activity with the same content within the same licensing cycle. In addition, a licensee may receive two hours of CPE no more than once during a single licensing cycle for the initial development or substantial updating of a CPE course.

304 18VAC15-40-78. Maintenance of continuing professional education records.

A. Each licensee shall <u>must</u> maintain evidence of the satisfactory completion of CPE for at least three years following the end of the license renewal cycle for which the CPE was taken. Such documentation shall <u>must</u> be provided to the board or its <u>the board's</u> duly authorized agents upon request. The following shall <u>will</u> be maintained by the licensee to document completion of the hours of CPE specified in 18VAC15-40-72:

310 1. Evidence of completion that shall contain contains the name, address, and telephone
311 number of the training provider;

312 2. The dates the applicant <u>licensee</u> participated in the training;

313 3. Descriptive material of the subject matter presented documenting that it the subject
 314 <u>matter</u> covers the content areas covered by the board's examination <u>or the list of</u>
 315 acceptable topics provided in 18VAC15-40-73; and

316 4. A statement from the provider verifying the number of CPE contact hours completed.

B. The board may conduct an audit of its licensees to ensure compliance with the applicable
CPE requirements. Licensees who are selected for audit shall must provide the necessary
documentation stipulated in this section.

320 C. The licensee may request additional time to meet the CPE requirement; however, CPE
321 hours earned during a license renewal cycle to satisfy the CPE requirement of the preceding
322 license renewal cycle shall will be valid only for that preceding license renewal cycle.

323 18VAC15-40-80. Procedures for renewal.

A. Prior to the expiration date shown on the license, the board shall will mail send a renewal
 notice to the licensee's address of record.

B. Prior to the expiration date shown on the license, the <u>a</u> licensee desiring to renew his <u>a</u>
 license shall <u>must</u> return <u>submit</u> to the board the renewal notice (i) <u>a</u> completed renewal
 <u>application</u>, (ii) proof of insurance required by 18VAC15-40-30, (iii) proof of completion of CPE, in
 <u>accordance with 18VAC15-40-72</u>, and (iv) the appropriate fee specified in 18VAC15-40-50.

C. Prior to the expiration date shown on the license <u>In addition to the requirements of</u>
 <u>subsection B of this section</u>, a licensee with the NRS specialty must submit proof of completion
 of four hours of board-approved NRS CPE, in accordance with 18VAC15-40-75, along with the
 <u>renewal notice and the appropriate fee specified in 18VAC15-40-50</u>.

D. Failure to receive the renewal notice does not relieve the licensee of the obligation to renew. If the licensee fails to receive the renewal notice, a copy of the license may be submitted with the required fee and any other required documentation as an application for renewal. The date on which the renewal application is received by the department or its the department's agent will determine whether the renewal application was received on time.

E. By submitting the renewal application, the licensee is affirming that the CPE requirements
 of 18VAC15-40-72 have been met, and he the licensee is in continued compliance with this
 chapter.

342 18VAC15-40-90. Reinstatement.

A. If the requirements for renewal of a license, as provided in 18VAC15-40-80, are not
 completed by the licensee within 30 days after the expiration date on the license, reinstatement
 of the license shall will be required.

B. All applicants for reinstatement shall <u>must</u> meet all requirements set forth in 18VAC15-4030, 18VAC15-40-72, and 18VAC15-40-75, as applicable.

C. A license may be reinstated for up to two years following the expiration date upon submittal of the reinstatement application consisting of (i) payment of the reinstatement fee, (ii) proof of insurance required by 18VAC15-40-30, (iii) proof of CPE in accordance with 18VAC15-40-72, and (iv) proof of CPE to maintain the NRS specialty, if applicable. After two years, the license shall will not be reinstated under any circumstances, and the individual shall must apply as a new applicant and meet entry requirements current at the time of submittal of the new application.

354 D. By submitting the reinstatement application, the individual is affirming that he is in continued355 compliance with this chapter.

356 18VAC15-40-105. Status of licensee during the period prior to reinstatement.

A. A licensee who reinstates his <u>a</u> license shall <u>will</u> be regarded as having been continuously
licensed without interruption and shall; will remain under the disciplinary authority of the board
during this entire period; and shall will be held accountable for his the licensee's activities during
this period.

B. Any regulated activity conducted subsequent to the license expiration date may constitute
unlicensed activity and be subject to prosecution under Chapter 1 (§ 54.1-100 et seq.) of Title
54.1 of the Code of Virginia.

364 18VAC15-40-108. License renewal or reinstatement after July 1, 2017. (Repealed.)

A license eligible for renewal or reinstatement on or after July 1, 2017, shall be required to
 meet the requirements of this part as amended effective July 1, 2017, upon submittal of the
 renewal or reinstatement application, as applicable.

368 18VAC15-40-120. Home inspection contract.

369 A. For the protection of both the client and the licensee, both parties shall must sign a legible, 370 written contract clearly specifying the terms, conditions, and limitations and exclusions of the work 371 to be performed. Prior to the commencement of work or acceptance of payments, the contract 372 must be signed by both (i) the client or the client's authorized representative and (ii) the licensee. 373 The licensee must make prompt delivery to the client or client's authorized representative a fully 374 executed copy of the contract in compliance with this section before work begins. Any modification 375 to the contract that changes the cost, scope of work to be performed, or estimated completion 376 date must be in writing and signed by all parties.

- **377** B. At a minimum, the written contract shall <u>must</u> include:
- **378** 1. Name, business name (if applicable), business address, and telephone number of the
- **379** home inspector <u>The following information applicable to the home inspector:</u>

380	a. Name;
381	<u>b. Business name, if applicable;</u>
382	<u>c. Address;</u>
383	d. Telephone number, email address, or other contact information, as applicable; and
384	e. License number and notation of NRS specialty, if applicable.
385	2. License number of the home inspector, and notation of NRS specialty, if applicable.
386	3. <u>2.</u> Name of the clients <u>client</u> .
387	4 . <u>3.</u> Physical address of the residential property <u>building or NRS</u> to be inspected.
388	5. <u>4.</u> Cost of the home inspection.
389	6. 5. A listing of all areas and systems to be inspected, including those inspections that
390	are either partial or limited in scope.
391	7. 6. A statement in the contract that the home inspection does not include a review for
392	compliance with regulatory requirements (Virginia Uniform Statewide Building Code or
393	other codes, regulations, laws, <u>or</u> ordinances , etc.).
394	8. To the extent that any of the following categories are not covered by the home
395	inspection, they shall be noted as exclusions in the inspection contract 7. A statement
396	disclosing any exclusions to the home inspection. Such exclusions may include the
397	following:
398	a. The condition of systems or components that are not readily accessible.
399	b. The remaining life of any system or component.
400	c. The strength, adequacy, effectiveness, or efficiency of any system or component.
401	d. The causes of any condition or deficiency.

402	e. The methods, materials, or costs of corrections.
403	f. Future conditions, including failure of systems and components.
404	g. The suitability of the property for any specialized use.
405	h. The market value of the property or its marketability.
406	i. The advisability of the purchase of the property.
407	j. The presence of diseases harmful to humans or potentially hazardous plants or
408	animals <u>,</u> including wood destroying <u>wood-destroying</u> organisms and mold.
409	k. The presence of any environmental hazards, including toxins, carcinogens, noise,
410	asbestos, lead-based paint, mold, radon, and contaminants in soil, water, and air.
411	I. The effectiveness of any system installed, or methods utilized to control or remove
412	suspected hazardous substances.
413	m. The operating costs of systems or components.
414	n. The acoustical properties of any system or component.
415	o. The presence of components involved in manufacturer's recalls.
416	p. The inspection of outbuildings.
417	To the extent any other items are not specifically included in the home inspection by
418	agreement of the parties, they shall also be noted as exclusions in the home inspection
419	contract.
420	9. 8. Estimated delivery date of the home inspection report to the client of the home
421	inspection report.
422	10. 9. Dated signatures of both the home inspector and the client or the client's authorized
423	representative.

424 <u>10. A statement providing that any modification to the contract that changes the cost,</u>
425 <u>scope of work to be performed, or estimated completion date must be in writing and signed</u>
426 by all parties.

427 11. Disclosure of the cancellation rights of the parties.

428 <u>12. A general statement on the limits of the home inspector's liability.</u>

C. The home inspection contract shall <u>must</u> make written disclosure that the home inspection report is (i) based upon visual observation of existing conditions of the inspected property <u>residential building or NRS</u> at the time of the inspection, and is (ii) not intended to be, or to be construed as, a guarantee, warranty, or any form of insurance. This provision does not prevent a home inspector from offering a separate guarantee, warranty, or any form of insurance if he the <u>home inspector</u> so chooses.

435 D. The requirements of 18VAC15-40-130 D regarding smoke alarms will not be excluded from436 the home inspection contract.

E. If the home inspector recommends a person to the client for repairs or modifications to the
inspected property, the home inspector shall disclose to the client all financial interests that the
home inspector has with the recommended person. The disclosure shall be written within the
home inspection contract.

F. The home inspection contract must disclose any financial interest that the licensee has or
 reasonably expects to have with any person whom the licensee recommends to the client for the
 repairs or modifications to the residential building or NRS.

444 G. If the home inspector has designed or performed repairs or modifications to, or has

445 inspected, the residential building or NRS to be inspected within the preceding 12 months, the

446 <u>home inspection contract must disclose to the client the specifics of the repairs or modifications</u>

447 the home inspector designed or performed or any inspection the home inspector performed.

448 18VAC15-40-130. Home inspection report.

- 449 A. <u>A home inspection report is a written evaluation of the readily accessible components of a</u>
- 450 residential building or NRS, including heating, cooling, plumbing, and electrical systems; structural
- 451 <u>components; foundation; roof; masonry structure; exterior and interior components; and other</u>
- 452 related residential housing components.
- **453** <u>B.</u> Home inspection reports shall must contain:
- **454** 1. Information pertaining to the licensee, including:
- 455 a. Licensee's name Name;
- 456 b. Business address Address;
- 457 c. Telephone number, email address, or other contact information, as applicable; and
- 458 d. License number and expiration date, to be followed by "NRS" if so designated and459 performing a home inspection on a new residential structure;
- **460** 2. The name, address, and telephone number <u>contact information</u> of the client or the
- **461** client's authorized representative, if available at the time of the inspection;
- **462** 3. The physical address of the residential property <u>building or NRS</u> inspected; and
- 463 4. The date; time to include both start and finish times of the home inspection; and
 464 weather conditions at the time of the home inspection.

B. C. In conducting a home inspection and reporting its findings, the home inspector, at a
minimum, shall must inspect the condition of and shall must describe in writing the composition
or and characteristics of the following readily accessible components and readily observable
defects of the residential building or NRS, except as may be limited in by the home inspection
contract agreement:

470 1. Structural system.

471	a. Foundation.
472	b. Framing.
473	c. Stairs.
474	d. Crawl space ; the<u>.</u> The method of inspecting the crawl space shall <u>must</u> be noted
475	and explained in the home inspection report. If the crawl space cannot be inspected,
476	the licensee shall explain in the home inspection report why this component was not
477	inspected.
478	e. Crawl space ventilation and vapor barriers.
479	f. Slab floor , when present .
480	g. Floors , ceilings, and walls .
481	<u>h. Ceilings.</u>
482	<u>i. Walls.</u>
482 483	<u>i. Walls.</u> 2. Roof structure, attic, and insulation <u>systems and components</u> .
483	2. Roof structure, attic, and insulation <u>systems and components</u> .
483 484	 2. Roof structure, attic, and insulation <u>systems and components</u>. a. Roof covering. The method of inspecting the roof covering shall <u>must</u> be noted and
483 484 485	 2. Roof structure, attic, and insulation <u>systems and components</u>. a. Roof covering. The method of inspecting the roof covering shall <u>must</u> be noted and explained in the home inspection report. If the roof covering cannot be inspected, the
483 484 485 486	 2. Roof structure, attic, and insulation <u>systems and components</u>. a. Roof covering. The method of inspecting the roof covering shall <u>must</u> be noted and explained in the home inspection report. If the roof covering cannot be inspected, the licensee shall explain in the home inspection report why this component was not
483 484 485 486 487	 Roof structure, attic, and insulation <u>systems and components</u>. a. Roof covering. The method of inspecting the roof covering <u>shall must</u> be noted and explained in the home inspection report. If the roof covering cannot be inspected, the licensee shall explain in the home inspection report why this component was not inspected.
483 484 485 486 487 488	 2. Roof structure, attic, and insulation systems and components. a. Roof covering. The method of inspecting the roof covering shall must be noted and explained in the home inspection report. If the roof covering cannot be inspected, the licensee shall explain in the home inspection report why this component was not inspected. b. Roof ventilation.
483 484 485 486 487 488 489	 2. Roof structure, attic, and insulation systems and components. a. Roof covering. The method of inspecting the roof covering shall <u>must</u> be noted and explained in the home inspection report. If the roof covering cannot be inspected, the licensee shall explain in the home inspection report why this component was not inspected. b. Roof ventilation. c. Roof drainage system, to include gutters and downspouts.

493	f. Roof framing and sheathing.
494	g. Attic , unless area is not readily accessible .
495	h. Attic insulation.
496	3. Exterior of residential building or NRS systems and components.
497	a. Wall covering, flashing, and trim.
498	b. Readily accessible doors Doors and windows, but. This does not include the
499	operation of associated security locks, devices, or systems.
500	c. Decks, balconies, stoops, steps, porches, attached garages, carports, and any
501	associated railings that are adjacent to the residential building or NRS and on the same
502	property but. This does not include associated screening, shutters, awnings, storm
503	windows, detached garages, or storm doors.
504	d. Eaves, soffits, and fascias where readily accessible from ground level.
505	e. Walkways, grade steps, patios, and driveways , but<u>.</u> This does not <u>include</u> fences or
506	privacy walls.
507	f. Vegetation, trees, grading, drainage, and any retaining walls adjacent to the
508	residential building or NRS.
509	g. Visible exterior portions of chimneys.
510	4. Interior of residential building or NRS systems and components.
511	a. Interior walls, ceilings, and floors of the residential building or NRS and any adjacent
512	garage.
513	b. Steps, stairways, railings, and balconies and associated railings.
514	c. Countertops and installed cabinets, including hardware.

515 d. Doors and windows, but. This does not include the operation of associated security
516 locks, devices, or systems.

- e. Garage doors and permanently mounted and installed garage door operators. The
 automatic safety reverse function of garage door openers shall <u>must</u> be tested, either
 by physical obstruction as specified by the manufacturer, or by breaking the beam of
 the electronic photo eye but only when the test can be safely performed and will not
 risk damage to the door, the opener, any nearby structure, or any stored items.
- f. Fireplaces, venting systems, hearths, dampers, and fireboxes, but. This does not
 include mantles, fire screens and doors, or seals, and gaskets.
- **524** g. Solid fuel burning fuel-burning appliances, if applicable.
- **525** 5. Plumbing system.
- a. Interior water supply and distribution systems, including water supply lines and all
 fixtures and faucets, but. This does not include water conditioning systems or fire
 sprinkler systems.
- **529** b. Water drainage, waste, and vent systems, including all <u>associated</u> fixtures.
- **530** c. Drainage sumps, sump pumps, and related piping.
- **531** d. Water heating equipment, including energy source and related vent systems, flues,
- **532** and chimneys, but. This does not include solar water heating systems.
- **533** e. Fuel storage and distribution systems for visible leaks.
- **534** 6. Electrical system.
- **535** a. Service drop.
- **536** b. Service entrance conductors, cables, and raceways.
- **537** c. Service equipment and main disconnects.

538	d. Service grounding.
539	e. Interior components of service panels and sub panels, including feeders.
540	f. Conductors.
541	g. Overcurrent protection devices.
542	h. Readily accessible installed Installed lighting fixtures, switches, and receptacles.
543	i. Ground fault circuit interrupters.
544	j. Presence or absence of smoke alarms or carbon monoxide detectors.
545	k. Presence of solid conductor aluminum branch circuit wiring.
546	I. Arc fault interrupters shall must be noted if installed but not tested if equipment is
547	attached to them.
548	7. Heating system.
549	a. Heating equipment, including operating controls , but. This does not include heat
545	a. Theating equipment, including operating controls, but. This does not include heat
550	exchangers, gas logs, built-in gas burning appliances, grills, stoves, space heaters,
550	exchangers, gas logs, built-in gas burning appliances, grills, stoves, space heaters,
550 551	exchangers, gas logs, built-in gas burning appliances, grills, stoves, space heaters, solar heating devices, or heating system accessories such as humidifiers, air purifiers,
550 551 552	exchangers, gas logs, built-in gas burning appliances, grills, stoves, space heaters, solar heating devices, or heating system accessories such as humidifiers, air purifiers, motorized dampers, and heat reclaimers.
550 551 552 553	exchangers, gas logs, built-in gas burning appliances, grills, stoves, space heaters, solar heating devices, or heating system accessories such as humidifiers, air purifiers, motorized dampers, and heat reclaimers. b. Energy source.
550 551 552 553 554	exchangers, gas logs, built-in gas burning appliances, grills, stoves, space heaters, solar heating devices, or heating system accessories such as humidifiers, air purifiers, motorized dampers, and heat reclaimers. b. Energy source. c. Heating distribution system.
550 551 552 553 554 555	 exchangers, gas logs, built-in gas burning appliances, grills, stoves, space heaters, solar heating devices, or heating system accessories such as humidifiers, air purifiers, motorized dampers, and heat reclaimers. b. Energy source. c. Heating distribution system. d. Vent systems, flues, and chimneys, including dampers.
550 551 552 553 554 555 556	 exchangers, gas logs, built-in gas burning appliances, grills, stoves, space heaters, solar heating devices, or heating system accessories such as humidifiers, air purifiers, motorized dampers, and heat reclaimers. b. Energy source. c. Heating distribution system. d. Vent systems, flues, and chimneys, including dampers. 8. Air conditioning system.

560

d. Cooling distribution system.

561 D. To the extent that a component or system cannot be inspected, the home inspection report
 562 must identify such component or system and provide an explanation for why the component or
 563 systems was not inspected.

564 C. E. Systems in the home that are turned off, winterized, or otherwise secured so that they
565 do not respond to normal activation using standard operating controls need not be put into
566 operating condition. The home inspector shall inspection report must state, in writing, the reason
567 these systems or components were not inspected.

568 D. F. For any smoke alarms that are readily accessible in the residential building or NRS, the
569 home inspection report must include a determination of whether the smoke alarms are in good
570 working order as defined in 18VAC15-40-10.

571 1. A home inspector is not required to operate the test function of a smoke alarm if the
572 smoke alarm is part of a central alarm system or security system in which such testing will
573 automatically alert a fire department or other authority. To the extent the home inspector
574 is unable to determine whether testing will cause an automatic alert, the home inspector
575 is not required to operate the test function of the smoke alarm.

576 2. If a smoke alarm is not readily accessible or there are any limitations in determining
577 whether it is in good working order, the home inspection report must state that it is not
578 readily accessible or describe such limitations, as applicable.

579 3. The home inspection report must include the substance of the following: It is
580 recommended that a home have smoke alarms on each level of the dwelling and in every
581 bedroom or sleeping area. Clients should replace any existing smoke alarms that are not
582 in good working order with new ones and install smoke alarms where they may be missing
583 or not properly located. Any test of a smoke alarm during a home inspection only reflects

its condition at the time of inspection and is not a guarantee, warranty, or any form of
insurance. A test performed during the home inspection does not supersede the smoke
alarm manufacturer's testing recommendations. Clients should follow the manufacturer's
instructions for proper placement, installation, and maintenance.

588 E. G. In accordance with § 54.1-517.2:1 of the Code of Virginia, if a home inspector observes 589 the presence of any shade of yellow corrugated stainless steel tubing during a home inspection 590 in a home that was built prior to the adoption of the 2006 Virginia Construction Code, effective 591 May 1, 2008, the home inspector shall include that observation in the report along with the 592 following statement: "Manufacturers believe that this product is safer if properly bonded and 593 grounded as required by the manufacturer's installation instructions. Proper bonding and 594 grounding of the product should be determined by a contractor licensed to perform the work in 595 the Commonwealth of Virginia."

596 18VAC15-40-140. Conflict of interest.

597 A. The licensee shall will not:

598 1. Design or perform repairs or modifications to a residential building or NRS on which he
599 the licensee has performed a home inspection as a result of the findings of the home
600 inspection within 12 months after the date he the licensee performed the home inspection,
601 except in cases where the home inspector purchased the residence after he performed
602 the home inspection was performed;

2. Perform a home inspection of a residential building or NRS upon which he the licensee
has designed or performed repairs or modifications within the preceding 12 months
without disclosing to the client in the home inspection contract the specifics of the repairs
or modifications he the licensee designed or performed;

3. Refer his the licensee's client to another person to make repairs or modifications to a residential building or NRS on which he the licensee has performed a home inspection unless, in accordance with 18VAC15-40-120 D, he the licensee provides written documentation to his the licensee's client that clearly discloses all any financial interests interest that the licensee has or reasonably expects to have with the person who is recommended for the repairs or modifications;

613 4. Represent the financial interests, either personally or through his employment, of any
614 of the parties to the transfer or sale of a residential building <u>or NRS</u> on which he the
615 licensee has performed a home inspection without disclosing such fact to the client; or

616 5. Perform a home inspection of a residential building or NRS under a contingent
617 agreement whereby any compensation or future referrals are dependent on the reported
618 findings or on the sale of the property.

B. The Notwithstanding the provisions of 18VAC15-40-180, the licensee shall must not
disclose any information concerning the results of the home inspection without the approval of
the client for whom the home inspection was performed. However, the licensee may disclose
information in situations where there is an imminent endangerment to life or health.

623 C. The licensee shall <u>must</u> not accept compensation from more than one interested party for
624 the same service <u>home inspection</u> on the same property without the consent of all interested
625 parties.

D. The licensee shall <u>must</u> not accept nor offer commissions or allowances, directly or indirectly, from other parties dealing with the client in connection with work for which the licensee is responsible <u>the home inspection</u>. Additionally, the licensee shall <u>must</u> not enter into any financial relationship with any party that may compromise the licensee's commitment to the best interest of his the licensee's client.

- 631 E. <u>A home inspector may provide services to a client in addition to a home inspection. The</u>
- 632 <u>home inspector must disclose to the client the additional services to be performed and how such</u>

633 <u>services may conflict with the home inspection. The disclosure must be in writing and may be</u>

- 634 incorporated into the home inspection contract or contained in a separate written agreement with
- 635 the client. Any additional services performed pursuant to this subsection must be performed in
- 636 accordance with applicable laws and regulations.
- 637 <u>F.</u> The home inspection shall <u>must</u> not be used as a pretext by the licensee to solicit or obtain
- 638 work in another field, except for additional diagnostic inspections or testing.
- 639 18VAC15-40-145. Competency for assignments.
- A. The licensee shall <u>must</u> undertake to perform professional assignments only when qualifiedby education or experience, or both.
- 642 B. A licensee shall <u>must</u> not misrepresent to a prospective or existing client or employer his
 643 <u>the licensee's</u> qualifications and <u>or</u> the scope of his <u>the licensee's</u> responsibility in connection with
 644 a home inspection.
- ·
- 645 18VAC15-40-150. Grounds for disciplinary action.
- 646 The board has the power to place a licensee on probation, may reprimand, impose a monetary
- 647 penalty in accordance with § 54.1-202 A of the Code of Virginia, fine, or revoke, or suspend, or
- 648 refuse to renew a license in accordance with § 54.1-516 of the Code of Virginia when the licensee
- 649 has been found to have violated or cooperated with others in violating any provision of the
- 650 regulations of the board or Chapter 1 (§ 54.1-100 et seq.), 2 (§ 54.1-200 et seq.), 3 (§ 54.1-300
- 651 <u>et seq.</u>), or 5 (§ 54.1-500 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia or this chapter.
- 652 18VAC15-40-152. Notice of adverse action.
- 653 A. A licensee shall <u>must</u> notify the board of the following actions against the licensee:

654 1. Any disciplinary action taken by any jurisdiction, board, or administrative body of
655 competent jurisdiction, including any (i) reprimand; (ii) license or certificate revocation,
656 suspension, or denial; (iii) monetary penalty; (iv) requirement for remedial education; or
657 (v) other corrective action.

658 2. Any voluntary surrendering of a related license, certificate, or registration done in659 connection with a disciplinary action in another jurisdiction.

Any conviction, finding of guilt, or plea of guilty, regardless of adjudication or deferred
 adjudication, in any jurisdiction of the United States of any (i) misdemeanor involving moral
 turpitude, sexual offense, non-marijuana drug distribution, or physical injury or relating to
 performing a home inspection, except marijuana convictions, or (ii) felony, for which there
 being is no appeal pending therefrom or the time for appeal having has lapsed. Review of
 convictions shall be subject to the requirements of § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia. Any
 plea of nolo contendere shall be considered a conviction for the purpose of this section.

B. The notice must be made to the board in writing within 30 days of the action. A copy of the
 order or other supporting documentation must accompany the notice. The record of conviction,
 finding, or case decision shall be considered prima facie evidence of a conviction or finding of
 quilt.

671 18VAC15-40-155. Prohibited acts.

672 The following acts are prohibited and any violation may result in disciplinary action by the673 board:

674 1. <u>Violating, including inducing another to violate, cooperating with another to violate, or</u>
675 <u>combining or conspiring with or acting as agent, partner, or associate for another to violate</u>
676 <u>any of the provisions of Chapter 1 (§ 54.1-100 et seq.), 2 (§ 54.1-200 et seq.), 3 (§ 54.1-</u>

- 677 <u>300 et seq.), or 5 (§ 54.1-500 et seq.) of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia or any of the</u>
 678 regulations of the board.
- 679 <u>2.</u> Obtaining or attempting to obtain a license by false or fraudulent representation;
 680 <u>maintaining, renewing, or reinstating a license by false or fraudulent representation; or</u>
 681 furnishing substantially inaccurate or incomplete information to the board in obtaining,
- 682 renewing, reinstating, or maintaining of a license.
- 683 2. Performing improvements or repairs to a residential building as a result of the findings
- 684 of the home inspection within 12 months before or after performing a home inspection on
- 685 it, except in cases where the home inspector purchased the residential building after he
- 686 performed the home inspection.
- 687 3. Violating or inducing another person to violate any of the provisions of Chapter 1, 2, 3,
 688 or 5 of Title 54.1 of the Code of Virginia or this chapter.
- 689 4. A licensee having <u>3. Failing to maintain the insurance policy required pursuant to</u>
- **690** <u>18VAC15-40-30 G.</u>

691 <u>4. Failing to report a change or maintain records pursuant to 18VAC15-40-160.</u>

- 692 <u>5. Having been convicted, or found guilty, in any jurisdiction</u> or disciplined <u>by any</u>
 693 <u>jurisdiction, board, or administrative body</u> in any jurisdiction of any offense or violation
 694 enumerated in 18VAC15-40-152. Review of convictions shall <u>will</u> be subject to the
 695 requirements of § 54.1-204 of the Code of Virginia.
- 696 <u>5. 6.</u> Failing to inform the board in writing within 30 days that the licensee was convicted,
 697 <u>or</u> found guilty, <u>in any jurisdiction</u> or disciplined <u>in by</u> any jurisdiction, <u>board</u>, <u>or</u>
 698 <u>administrative body</u> of any offense or violation enumerated in 18VAC15-40-152.
- 699 6. Failing to act as a licensee in such a manner as to safeguard the interests of the public.

700	7. Engaging Failing to use a contract that complies with 18VAC15-40-120.			
701	8. Failing to produce a home inspection report that complies with 18VAC15-40-130.			
702	9. Failing to comply with the requirements of 18VAC15-40-140.			
703	10. Committing an action that constitutes negligence, incompetence, or misconduct in the			
704	04 practice of the profession, including:			
705	a. Having performed a home inspection when not qualified by training or experience			
706	to competently perform any part of the home inspection.			
707	b. Failing to demonstrate reasonable care, judgment, or application of the required			
708	knowledge, skill, and ability in the performance of the licensee's duties.			
709	c. Conducting a home inspection on any new residential structure without the NRS			
710	specialty issued by the board.			
711	d. Having cited, stated, or represented that there exists a violation of the Virginia			
712	Uniform Statewide Building Code (13VAC5-63) in a home inspection report or other			
713	document prepared relative to a home inspection.			
714	e. Advising a client as to whether the client should or should not engage in a real estate			
715	transaction or providing an opinion of value regarding the residential building or NRS			
716	that is the subject of the home inspection.			
717	f. Failing to adequately supervise and review work by unlicensed individuals who are			
718	gaining experience under the direct supervision of the licensee.			
719	11. Committing an action that constitutes engaging in improper, fraudulent, or dishonest			
720	conduct in conducting a home inspection			
721	8. Having performed a home inspection when not qualified by training or experience to			
722	competently perform any part of the home inspection.			

723	9. Failing to maintain, through training, the proficiency to perform Virginia home		
724	inspections.		
725	10. Conducting a home inspection on any new residential structure without the NRS		
726	specialty issued by the board.		
727	11. Failing to maintain the insurance policy required pursuant to 18VAC15-40-30 G.		
728	12. Failing to report a change pursuant to 18VAC15-40-160.		
729	13. Having cited, stated, or represented that there exists a violation of the Virginia Uniform		
730	Statewide Building Code (13VAC5-63) in a home inspection report or other document		
731	prepared relative to a home inspection, including:		
732	a. Making any misrepresentation or making a false promise that might influence,		
733	persuade, or induce.		
734	b. Knowingly misrepresenting factual information in expressing a professional opinion.		
735	c. Intentionally and without justification failing to complete work contracted for or to		
736	comply with the terms in the contract.		
737	d. Retaining or misapplying funds paid for which work is either not performed or		
738	performed only in part.		
739	12. Allowing a license issued by the board to be used by another.		
740	13. Failing to comply with the requirements of 18VAC15-40-180.		
741	1 18VAC15-40-160. Maintenance of licenses, reports, and documentation.		
742	A. The licensee shall <u>must</u> at all times keep the board informed of his <u>the licensee's</u> current		
743	address of record, to include the physical address, as applicable. Changes of address shall <u>must</u>		
744	be reported to the board in writing within 30 calendar days after such change. A post office box is		
745	acceptable as the address of record only when a physical address is also provided. The board		

shall <u>will</u> not be responsible for the licensee's failure to receive notices, communications, and
correspondence caused by the licensee's failure to promptly notify the board of any change of
address.

B. The licensee shall <u>must</u> notify the board in writing of a name change within 30 calendar
days of any change in the licensee's legal name. Such notification shall <u>must</u> be accompanied by
a copy of a marriage license, divorce decree, court order, or other documentation that verifies the
name change.

C. The licensee shall <u>must</u> retain all records pertaining to home inspections performed to
include written reports and supporting documentation for a period of three years from the date of
the related home inspection.

D. The licensee shall must report the cancellation, amendment, expiration, or any other
change of the insurance policy submitted in accordance with 18VAC15-40-30 G within 30 days of
the change.

759 18VAC15-40-180. Response to inquiry of the board.

A. A licensee must respond within 10 days to a request by the board or any of its the board's
agents regarding any complaint filed with the department.

B. Unless otherwise specified by the board, a licensee of the board shall <u>must</u> produce to the board or any of its <u>the board's</u> agents within 10 days of the request any document, book, or record concerning any transaction pertaining to a complaint filed in which the licensee was involved, or for which the licensee is required to maintain records. The board may extend such timeframe upon a showing of extenuating circumstances prohibiting delivery within such 10-day period.

767 C. A licensee shall <u>must</u> not provide a false, misleading, or incomplete response to the board
768 or any of its <u>the board's</u> agents seeking information in the investigation of a complaint filed with
769 the board.

D. With the exception of the requirements of subsections A and B of this section, a licenseemust respond to an inquiry by the board or its the board's agent within 21 days.

772 18VAC15-40-210. Approval of prelicense education courses.

- A training provider seeking approval of a prelicense education course shall <u>must</u> submit an
 application for prelicense education course approval on a form provided by the board. In addition
 to the appropriate fee provided in 18VAC15-40-50, the application shall <u>must</u> include:
- **776** 1. The name of the provider;
- **777** 2. Provider contact person, address, and telephone number;

778 3. Course contact hours;

779 4. Schedule of prelicense education courses if established, including dates, times, and780 locations;

781 5. Method of delivery;

782 6. Instructor information, including name, license number, if applicable, and a list of trade-

783 appropriate designations, as well as a professional resume with a summary of teaching

- **784** experience and subject matter knowledge and qualifications acceptable to the board;
- 785 7. Materials to be provided to students;

786 8. Fees for prelicense education course and materials; and

787 9. Training module syllabus.

788 18VAC15-40-220. Prelicense education course requirements.

A prelicense education course must be a minimum of 35 hours. The syllabus for each type of prelicense education course shall <u>must</u> encompass the following subject areas and include methods for identification and inspection, safety and maintenance, and standards for material selection and installation procedures, as applicable:

793	1. Site conditions;			
794	2. Exterior components of the residential building;			
795	3. Structural system elements;			
796	4. Electrical system elements;			
797	5. Heating and cooling systems;			
798	6. Insulation, moisture management systems, and ventilation systems;			
799	7. Plumbing systems;			
800	8. Interior components;			
801	9. Fireplace and chimney systems;			
802	10. Common permanently installed appliances;			
803	11. Inspection report requirements;			
804	12. Responsibilities to the client, including required contract elements; and			
805	13. Overview of the board's regulations.			
806	18VAC15-40-230. Approval of new residential structures training modules and new			
807	residential structures continuing professional education.			
808	A training provider seeking approval of an NRS training module or NRS CPE course shall			
809	must submit an application for NRS training module or NRS CPE course approval on a form			
810	provided by the board. NRS training modules and NRS CPE can be provided in a classroom			
811	environment, online, or through distance learning. In addition to the appropriate fee provided in			
812	18VAC15-40-50, the application shall must include:			

813 1. The name of the provider;

814 2. Provider contact person, address, and telephone number;

815 3. Module or CPE course contact hours;

816 4. Schedule of training module or CPE course if established, including dates, times, and817 locations;

- **818** 5. Method of delivery;
- 819 6. Instructor information, including name, license number, if applicable, and a list of trade-
- **820** appropriate designations, as well as a professional resume with a summary of teaching

821 experience and subject matter knowledge and qualifications acceptable to the board;

- 822 7. Materials to be provided to students;
- 823 8. Fees for NRS training module or NRS CPE course and materials; and

824 9. Training module syllabus.

825 18VAC15-40-240. New residential structures training module requirements.

A. In order to qualify as an NRS training module under 18VAC15-40-35, the training module
must include a minimum of eight contact hours, and the syllabus shall must encompass all of the
subject areas set forth in subsection B of this section.

B. The following subject areas as they relate to the Virginia Residential Code shall must be
included in all NRS training modules. The time allocated to each subject area must be sufficient
to ensure adequate coverage of the subject as determined by the board.

- **832** 1. Origin of the Virginia Residential Code.
- a. Overview of Title 36 of the Code of Virginia.
- 834 b. Roles and responsibilities of the Board of Housing and Community Development835 and the Department of Housing and Community Development.
- 836 c. Virginia Uniform Statewide Building Code, Part I (13VAC5-63-10 through 13VAC5-
- **837** 63-390) of 13VAC5-63.

838	2. Scope of the Virginia Residential Code.		
839	a. Purpose of the Virginia Residential Code.		
840	b. Exemptions from the Virginia Residential Code.		
841	c. Compliance alternatives.		
842	d. Code official discretion in administration and enforcement of the Virginia Residential		
843	Code.		
844	e. Process for amending the Virginia Residential Code.		
845	f. Code violations and enforcement.		
846	(1) Statute of limitations.		
847	(2) Effect of violations.		
848	g. Examples of code and non-code violations.		
849	3. Roles of the building code official and the home inspector, including an overview of §		
850	36-105 of the Code of Virginia.		
851	18VAC15-40-250. New residential structures training modules and new residential		
852	structures continuing professional education requirements.		
853	In order to qualify for NRS CPE for the renewal of home inspector licenses with the NRS		
854	specialty, the NRS CPE must include a minimum of four contact hours and the syllabus shall <u>must</u>		
855	encompass all of the topic areas listed in 18VAC15-40-240 for an NRS training module.		

856 18VAC15-40-260. Documentation of prelicense education courses, new residential
857 structures training modules, and new residential structures continuing professional
858 education completion requirements.

All prelicense education course, NRS training module, and NRS CPE providers must provide each student who successfully completes the course or training module with a certificate of completion or other documentation that the student may use as proof of course or training module completion. Such documentation shall <u>must</u> contain the contact hours completed, the date of training, and the course identification number assigned by the board.

864 18VAC15-40-270. Maintenance of records.

All providers of approved prelicense education courses, NRS training modules, or NRS CPE courses must establish and maintain a record for each student. The record shall <u>must</u> include the student's name and address, the training module or course name and hours attended, the training module or course syllabus or outline, the name or names of the instructors, the date of successful completion, and the board's approved training module or course identification number. Records shall <u>must</u> be available for inspection during normal business hours by authorized representatives of the board. Providers must maintain these records for a minimum of five years.

Title	Home Inspector Applicant's Experience Verification of Inspections Completed
Document ID	6247
Summary	Minimum requirements for home inspection experience verification.
Effective Date	8/17/2017

Title	NRS Specialty for Inspections Conducted by a Home Inspector on Homes Under Construction
Document ID	6248
Summary	The Board determined that a licensed home inspector is required to hold the NRS specialty to perform course of construction inspections.
Effective Date	8/17/2017

Title	Home Inspector Regulations; Meaning of Describe	
Document ID	6266	
Summary	The Board adopts the following definition of "describe" as it is used in the Home Inspector regulation: "To identify in writing a system and component by its type or other distinguishing characteristics."	
Effective Date	11/9/2017	

Title	Guidance Document regarding Inspections of Specific Components of a Residential Building
Document ID	6663
Summary	Based on the definition of "home inspection" in § 54.1-500 of the Code of Virginia, an individual who does not hold a license as a home inspector and who is conducting inspections of a component or system in a residential building is not considered to be performing a home inspection
Effective Date	7/11/2019

Title	Guidance Document Regarding CPE for Home Inspectors with the NRS Specialty	
Document ID	6709	
Summary	Provides that a licensee who completes the initial NRS training program within one year of renewal will not be required to submit NRS CPE for that renewal. NRS CPE will be required for each subsequent renewal.	
Effective Date	10/17/2019	

Title	Meaning of "Direct Supervision" in 18VAC15-40-32 of the Home Inspector Licensing Regulations
Document ID	6833
Summary	Clarification of the meaning of "direct supervision" as it pertains to gaining experience to qualify for home inspector licensing.
Effective Date	4/16/2020



BOARD FOR ASBESTOS, LEAD, AND HOME INSPECTORS

GUIDANCE DOCUMENT

Home Inspector Applicant's Verification of Inspections Completed

Adopted August 17, 2017

I. Background

Section 18VAC15-40-32 of the Board's Home Inspector Licensing Regulations provides the qualifications for licensure, including the requirement that "an applicant for licensure as a home inspector shall furnish documentation acceptable to the board that one of the qualifications for licensure in Table 1 has been met." The requirements in subsection 1, 3, and 5 require completion of 100, 50, and 250 home inspector could satisfy this requirement by submitting an experience verification form signed by the applicant along with a list of addresses.

II. Issue

The home inspector program transitioned from a voluntary certification program to a mandatory licensure program on July 1, 2017. One of the Board's responsibilities is to ensure that the applicant has met the minimum requirements for licensure and is minimally competent, and the criteria for proof of home inspections as explained above for the certification program does not seem adequate. Under the certification program, there was no criteria as to what had to be contained on the list of home inspections completed, and there was no independent verification by a third party. After researching other states with home inspector regulatory programs whose entry requirements included home inspection experience, nearly all of the programs required specific information be provided on the list of home inspections and required third-party verification.

III. Policy

Pursuant to the regulatory amendment effective July 1, 2017, the experience form has been revised to require a signature from either:

- 1. the home inspector providing direct supervision, if applicable, or;
- 2. a licensed home inspector, client, or an independent verifier (i.e., real estate professional, building official, etc.) who can verify the applicant's work experience for self-employed home inspectors who completed inspections prior to July 1, 2017.

To ensure consistency in the application of the regulations and to serve as guidance to staff and applicants, the Board adopts the following policy:

In addition to the above requirement for a third-party signature outlined above, the Board requires the list of home inspections submitted to satisfy the requirements in subsections 1, 3, and 5 of 18VAC15-40-32 of the Board's regulations as they pertain to the completion of home inspections to include, at a minimum, the following information:

- Name of home inspector;
- Date home inspection was performed;
- Client name;
- Client e-mail and/or phone number;
- Address of home inspection; and
- Signature of home inspector at the bottom of each page of the home inspection log.

Board staff is also authorized to make further inquiries and investigations with respect to the applicant's qualifications to confirm or amplify information supplied in accordance with 18VAC15-40-25.B of the Board's regulations.



BOARD FOR ASBESTOS, LEAD, AND HOME INSPECTORS

GUIDANCE DOCUMENT

NRS Specialty for Inspections Conducted by a Home Inspector when a Home is Under Construction

Adopted August 17, 2017

I. Background

Board staff has received a number of inquiries regarding the necessity for an NRS specialty for inspections conducted by a home inspector on homes during the course of construction (pre-drywall inspections, slab inspections, frame inspections, etc.).

II. Relevant Statutes

Section 54.1-500 of the Code of Virginia defines "home inspection" as:

"Any inspection of a residential building for compensation conducted by a licensed home inspector. A home inspection shall include a written evaluation of the readily accessible components of a residential building, including heating, cooling, plumbing, and electrical systems; structural components; foundation; roof; masonry structure; exterior and interior components; and other related residential housing components. A home inspection may be limited in scope as provided in a home inspection contract, provided that such contract is not inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter or the regulations of the Board. For purposes of this chapter, residential building energy analysis alone, as defined in § 54.1-1144, shall not be considered a home inspection."

Further, § 54.1-500 provides that "residential building' means for the purposes of home inspection, a structure consisting of one to four dwelling units used or occupied, or intended to be used or occupied, for residential purposes."

Finally, § 54.1-503.E of the Code of Virginia defines "new residential structure" as "a residential structure for which the first conveyance of record title to a purchaser has not occurred, or of which a purchaser has not taken possession, whichever occurs later."

III. Policy

The Board determined that a licensed home inspector is required to hold the NRS specialty to perform course of construction inspections.



Board for Asbestos, Lead, and Home Inspectors

Guidance Document: Definition of "Describe" as used in 18VAC15-40-130 of the Home Inspector Licensing Regulations

Adopted November 9, 2017

I. Issue

Board staff has received an inquiry regarding whether all the items listed in 18VAC15-40-130 need to be **<u>described</u>** in the home inspection report as referenced in the regulation. For reference, the specific language in subsection B of this regulation states:

B. In conducting a home inspection and reporting its findings, the home inspector, at a minimum, shall **inspect the condition of and shall describe** in writing [emphasis added] the composition or characteristics of the following readily accessible components and readily observable defects, except as may be limited in the home inspection contract agreement:

The regulation goes on to list general items such as structural system, roof structure, exterior, interior, etc. with specific items listed for each general item. This language was not amended during the 2017 regulation amendment to transition the home inspector program from certification to licensure.

Although the regulation and *Code* allow the home inspector to provide limitations in the home inspection agreement, Board staff has been asked to obtain clarification on whether all listed items must be described and the extent of such descriptions.

Guidance Document Home Inspector Licensing Regulations: Definition of "Describe" Adopted November 9, 2017

II. Policy

The Board adopts the following definition of "describe" as it is used in the abovereferenced regulation section:

"To identify in writing a system and component by its type or other distinguishing characteristics."¹

As an example, the Board provided that in describing the composition and characteristics of the flooring, descriptors such as "hardwood flooring" or "carpet" would be adequate, but would not necessarily have to include "*oak* hardwood flooring" or "*nylon* carpet" (although those could be included if known by and at the discretion of the home inspector).

¹ Derived from American Society of Home Inspectors Standards of Practice effective March 1, 2014.



Board for Asbestos, Lead, and Home Inspectors

Guidance Document: Inspections of Specific Components of a Residential Building

> Adopted: May 16, 2019 Effective: July 11, 2019

I. Background

Board staff has received inquiries regarding whether a home inspector license is needed when performing inspections of limited components or systems of a residential structure. Examples provided include roof inspections, foundation inspections, HVAC inspections, etc.

II. Relevant Statutes

Section 54.1-500 of the Code of Virginia defines "home inspection" as:

"Any inspection of a residential building for compensation conducted by a licensed home inspector. A home inspection shall include a written evaluation of the readily accessible components of a residential building, including heating, cooling, plumbing, and electrical systems; structural components; foundation; roof; masonry structure; exterior and interior components; and other related residential housing components. A home inspection may be limited in scope as provided in a home inspection contract, provided that such contract is not inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter or the regulations of the Board. For purposes of this chapter, residential building energy analysis alone, as defined in § 54.1-1144, shall not be considered a home inspection."

III. Board Guidance

Based on the definition of "home inspection" in § 54.1-500 of the Code of Virginia, an individual who does not hold a license as a home inspector and who is conducting inspections of a component or system in a residential building is not considered to be performing a home inspection.

In accordance with § 2.2-4002.1 of the Code of Virginia, this proposed guidance document conforms to the definition of a guidance document in § 2.2-4101.



Board for Asbestos, Lead, and Home Inspectors

Guidance Document: CPE for Home Inspectors with the NRS Specialty

> Adopted: May 16, 2019 Effective: October 17, 2019

I. Background

Effective July 1, 2017, home inspectors conducting new residential structure (NRS) inspections are required to obtain the NRS specialty, which is achieved by successfully completing an eight-hour NRS training module approved by the Board no more than two years prior to application¹. In order to maintain the NRS specialty, a licensed home inspector must submit proof of completion of a four-hour, Board-approved NRS CPE course².

II. Issues

The NRS specialty can be added to a home inspector license at any time during the two-year license cycle. However, the renewal of the NRS specialty is simultaneous with the renewal of the home inspector license. Staff has received a number of inquiries from home inspectors with the NRS specialty who took the initial training module within the last few months and would have to take the NRS CPE course in order to renew the license. For example, the NRS CPE course was taken and the NRS specialty added to the license in January 2019. The license expired July 31, 2019. Would the NRS CPE course be required so soon after the initial NRS CPE training module was completed?

III. Board Guidance

¹ See 18VAC15-40-35 of the Home Inspector Licensing Regulations

² See 18VAC15-40-75 of the Home Inspector Licensing Regulations

Because there are few, if any, changes in the NRS courses (initial and CPE) in such a short time period, the Board adopts the following guidance:

A home inspector license with the NRS specialty wherein the initial NRS training module pursuant to 18VAC15-40-35.2 of the Home Inspector Licensing Regulations was taken no more than **one year** before the expiration date on the license, will not require proof of the NRS CPE course pursuant to 18VAC15-40-75 for that renewal. For example, a home inspector license with the NRS specialty expires July 31, 2019. If the initial NRS training module was completed on or after August 1, 2018, the NRS CPE course would not be required to renew the license for that license cycle. The NRS CPE course will be required to have been completed during each subsequent renewal cycle in order to maintain the NRS specialty.

All other requirements for renewal must be met in order to renew the license and the home inspector is still required to have completed 16 contact hours of CPE during the license cycle pursuant to 18VAC15-40-72.



Board for Asbestos, Lead, and Home Inspectors

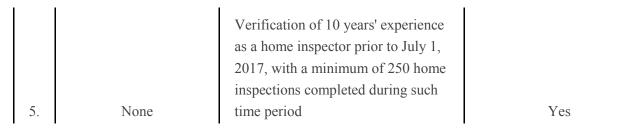
Guidance Document: Meaning of Direct Supervision as used in 18VAC15-40-32

Effective April 16, 2020

I. Background

To satisfy the experience requirement for Home Inspector license, applicants shall submit verification of experience as defined in 18VAC15-40-32 A of the Board's regulations:

TABLE 1			
	Board-approved prelicense education course contact hours	Experience	Passed the board-approved examination
1.	35	Completion of 100 home inspections prior to July 1, 2017	Yes
2.	35	Completion of 50 home inspections under the direct supervision of a home inspector	Yes
3.	70	Completion of 50 home inspections prior to July 1, 2017	Yes
4.	70	Completion of 25 home inspections under the direct supervision of a home inspector	Yes



Those verifying experience gained after July 1, 2017 (the effective date of licensure regulations) are required to verify either 25 or 50 home inspections completed under the direct supervision of a home inspector. 18VAC15-40-32 C stipulates that home inspections completed under the direct supervision of a home inspector must be provided by an individual who was properly licensed or certified by the board during the applicable time period.

Section 54.1-500 of the Code of Virginia provides the following definition:

"Home inspection" means any inspection of a residential building for compensation conducted by a licensed home inspector. A home inspection shall include a written evaluation of the readily accessible components of a residential building, including heating, cooling, plumbing, and electrical systems; structural components; foundation; roof; masonry structure; exterior and interior components; and other related residential housing components. A home inspection may be limited in scope as provided in a home inspection contract, provided that such contract is not inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter or the regulations of the Board. For purposes of this chapter, residential building energy analysis alone, as defined in § 54.1-1144, shall not be considered a home inspection.

II. Issue

The purpose for experience, among other qualifications for licensure, is to ensure those obtaining licensure as a home inspector are minimally competent to perform home inspections and do so in a manner that protects the health, safety, and welfare of the public. Direct supervision is not defined in § 54.1-500 of the Code of Virginia or the Board's regulations. As such, there is concern that those gaining experience for licensure under the "supervision" of a licensed home inspector are not being adequately trained and may not be exposed to critical components of a home inspection, including evaluating the readily accessible components of

residential housing, preparation of the written evaluation (report), or understanding the scope and limitations of a home inspection contract.

III. Policy

To ensure consistency in the application of the regulations and to serve as guidance to staff, the Board adopts the following definition of "direct supervision" as it is used in 18VAC15-40-32:

"Direct supervision" means a licensed home inspector being physically present on the premises at all times while an unlicensed individual gaining experience pursuant to 18VAC15-40-32 conducts activities related to a home inspection as defined in § 54.1-500 of the Code of Virginia and such licensed home inspector is at all times responsible for the home inspection and its resulting report.