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Proposed Regulation Agency Background Document

Agency name	Virginia Department of Health
Virginia Administrative Code (VAC) citation(s)	12VAC5-450-10 et. seq.
Regulation title(s)	Rules and Regulations Governing Campgrounds
Action title	Amend Campground Regulations following Periodic Review
Date this document prepared	10/13/16

This information is required for executive branch review and the Virginia Registrar of Regulations, pursuant to the Virginia Administrative Process Act (APA), Executive Orders 17 (2014) and 58 (1999), and the *Virginia Register Form, Style, and Procedure Manual*.

Brief summary

Please provide a brief summary (preferably no more than 2 or 3 paragraphs) of the proposed new regulation, proposed amendments to the existing regulation, or the regulation proposed to be repealed. Alert the reader to all substantive matters or changes. If applicable, generally describe the existing regulation.

The Rules and Regulations Governing Campgrounds are unchanged since their initial promulgation in 1971. Significant changes in the camping industry over the past 40 years have rendered the current regulations outdated; these include the size and duration of camping events and the types of camping now popular. The intent of this regulatory action is to amend the regulations to address current camping practices, update terminology, and remove and replace outdated requirements. The goals are to increase consistency and understanding in the campground program, reduce the number of requests the Virginia Department of Health (VDH) receives to waive the regulatory requirements, and apply current public health practices industry-wide to promote public safety and reduce burdensome regulatory oversight.

Acronyms and Definitions

Please define all acronyms used in the Agency Background Document. Also, please define any technical terms that are used in the document that are not also defined in the “Definition” section of the regulations.

APA- Administrative Process Act
RV- Recreational vehicle
VDH – Virginia Department of Health

Legal basis

Please identify the state and/or federal legal authority to promulgate this proposed regulation, including: 1) the most relevant citations to the Code of Virginia or General Assembly chapter number(s), if applicable; and 2) promulgating entity, i.e., agency, board, or person. Your citation should include a specific provision authorizing the promulgating entity to regulate this specific subject or program, as well as a reference to the agency/board/person’s overall regulatory authority.

The Board of Health has general authority to promulgate regulations pursuant to Code of Virginia § 35.1-11 which states the Board shall make, adopt, promulgate, and enforce regulations necessary to carry out the provisions of this title and to protect the public health and safety. The regulations of the Board specifically governing campgrounds pursuant to Code of Virginia § 35.1-17 shall include minimum standards for drinking water, sewage disposal, solid waste disposal, maintenance, vector and pest control, toilet and shower facilities, swimming facilities, control of animals and pets, procedures and safeguards for hazardous situations, maintenance and sale of propane gas, and procedures for obtaining a permit. Additionally, VDH may also establish classes of campgrounds and concomitant requirements for each as authorized by Code of Virginia § 35.1-17.B.

Purpose

Please explain the need for the new or amended regulation. Describe the rationale or justification of the proposed regulatory action. Describe the specific reasons the regulation is essential to protect the health, safety or welfare of citizens. Discuss the goals of the proposal and the problems the proposal is intended to solve.

The Rules and Regulations Governing Campgrounds (Regulations) have remained unchanged since first becoming effective in 1971. Amending the Regulations is essential to protect the health and safety of visitors to the Commonwealth’s campgrounds. The current definition of a campground (contained in the Code of Virginia § 35.1-1) requires an owner to comply with the Regulations when three or more designated campsites are intended for occupancy for periods of overnight or longer. However, festivals and short-term outdoor events occur today which draw large attendance, and temporary camping is often provided. Attempting to meet the requirements of the existing Regulations for these short-term duration events has proven burdensome to property owners, and public health and safety can be protected with other controls in place. In order for these festivals and related events to proceed under the current regulations without undue hardship, waivers must be granted by the Commissioner. The Commissioner granted 44 waivers to allow for temporary camping throughout the Commonwealth in 2015, and 41 so far in 2016. Processing waiver requests drains limited staff resources away from mandated services provided by VDH, and can lead to regulatory inconsistency. Creating new requirements in the Regulations to govern short-term events will provide needed consistency and minimize waiver requests.

Primitive camping, commonly referred to as back country camping, zero-impact camping, or neutral footprint camping, is characterized by the absence of what are generally understood as modern conveniences. Requirements to provide numbered campsites, drinking water, solid waste disposal, and service buildings with modern sanitary facilities for all types of primitive camping is not only an undue hardship placed upon many campground owners, but is also not desired by all campers. By creating an allowance in the Regulations for primitive camping, campers will be permitted to provide their own water supply or means of waste disposal when camping, and campgrounds will not be required to provide numbered sites or showers and flush toilets. Creating distinct provisions for primitive camping areas will be less burdensome on campground owners, while still protecting public health and safety.

The Regulations currently do not require campground operators to have an emergency response plan in place. Campgrounds, having few or no permanent structures, can be high risk areas during natural disasters or other weather-related emergency events. The proposed amendments will better protect the safety of campers in Virginia by requiring campground operators to compose and maintain an emergency response plan that prepares for camper safety and potential evacuation, promote availability of emergency contact information for campers, and prepare for the communication of emergency response information to campers.

Substance

Please briefly identify and explain the new substantive provisions, the substantive changes to existing sections, or both. A more detailed discussion is provided in the “Detail of changes” section below.

- 1) Creates a new section, and repeals and replaces certain sections related to enforcement, penalties, constitutionality, and exemptions to comply with the APA.
- 2) Revises definition section for clarity, removes several definitions not needed or used elsewhere in the regulation, and adds a definition for “Operator”.
- 3) Revises the description of campground permits to include temporary camping permits, and establishes minimum requirements for campground inspection.
- 4) Adds a requirement for campgrounds utilizing private wells to test for coliform bacteria and nitrates on an annual basis.
- 5) Reorganizes provisions for sewage disposal and sanitary facilities for clarity.
- 6) Creates a new section of the Regulations that describes provisions for cabins and other lodging units.
- 7) Creates a requirement for emergency preparedness planning.
- 8) Creates a new section of the Regulations to address primitive campgrounds with exemptions and replacement requirements that will protect public health and safety.
- 9) Creates a new section of the Regulations to address temporary camping events with exemptions and replacement requirements that will protect public health and safety.

Issues

Please identify the issues associated with the proposed regulatory action, including: 1) the primary advantages and disadvantages to the public, such as individual private citizens or businesses, of implementing the new or amended provisions; 2) the primary advantages and disadvantages to the agency or the Commonwealth; and 3) other pertinent matters of interest to the regulated community, government officials, and the public. If there are no disadvantages to the public or the Commonwealth, please indicate.

The primary advantage of the proposed amendments is that they will remove burdensome requirements for primitive and temporary camping, while still protecting public health and safety. The proposed

amendments will also provide organization and clarity to the existing text, which will better facilitate the public's understanding of the regulation. The agency and regulated businesses will benefit from these revisions as they will reduce or eliminate the need for waivers. Including provisions for cabins and other rental units in the regulations will reduce additional permitting requirements borne by both campground operators and the agency, as these units have been permitted under the Sanitary Regulations for Hotels (12VAC5-431-10 et seq.) in many local health districts. There are no anticipated disadvantages to the public or the Commonwealth with the adoption of these proposed amendments.

Requirements more restrictive than federal

Please identify and describe any requirement of the proposal which is more restrictive than applicable federal requirements. Include a rationale for the need for the more restrictive requirements. If there are no applicable federal requirements or no requirements that exceed applicable federal requirements, include a statement to that effect.

There are no requirements that exceed applicable federal requirements; there are no federal requirements that apply to campgrounds that aren't located on federal lands.

Localities particularly affected

Please identify any locality particularly affected by the proposed regulation. Locality particularly affected means any locality which bears any identified disproportionate material impact which would not be experienced by other localities.

There are no localities which bear any identified disproportionate material impacts that would not be experienced by other localities.

Public participation

Please include a statement that in addition to any other comments on the proposal, the agency is seeking comments on the costs and benefits of the proposal and the impacts of the regulated community.

In addition to any other comments, the Virginia Department of Health is seeking comments on the costs and benefits of the proposal and the potential impacts of this regulatory proposal. Also, the agency/board is seeking information on impacts on small businesses as defined in § 2.2-4007.1 of the Code of Virginia. Information may include 1) projected reporting, recordkeeping and other administrative costs, 2) probable effect of the regulation on affected small businesses, and 3) description of less intrusive or costly alternative methods of achieving the purpose of the regulation.

Comments may be submitted through the Public Forum feature of the Virginia Regulatory Town Hall web site at: <http://www.townhall.virginia.gov>. Comments may also be submitted by mail, email or fax to Olivia McCormick, 109 Governor St, Richmond, Virginia 23219, phone number: 804-864-8146, fax number: 804-864-7476, email address: Olivia.McCormick@vdh.virginia.gov. Written comments must include the name and address of the commenter. In order to be considered, comments must be received by 11:59 pm on the last day of the public comment period.

A public hearing will be held following the publication of this stage and notice of the hearing will be posted on the Virginia Regulatory Town Hall website (<http://www.townhall.virginia.gov>) and on the Commonwealth Calendar website (<https://www.virginia.gov/connect/commonwealth-calendar>). Both oral and written comments may be submitted at that time.

Economic impact

Please identify the anticipated economic impact of the proposed new regulations or amendments to the existing regulation. When describing a particular economic impact, please specify which new requirement or change in requirement creates the anticipated economic impact.

<p>Projected cost to the state to implement and enforce the proposed regulation, including: a) fund source / fund detail; and b) a delineation of one-time versus on-going expenditures</p>	<p>Little to no additional cost for the state to implement; temporary and other campgrounds are already regulated and inspected by VDH. Amendments will reduce time spent by VDH on processing applications for waivers to the Regulations. Some local Health Districts have permitted cabins and other rental units under the hotel regulations, charging the campground operators a separate \$40.00 fee. These hotel permits will no longer be required for campground rental units, resulting in a very small reduction in revenue.</p>
<p>Projected cost of the new regulations or changes to existing regulations on localities.</p>	<p>Little to none, for the same reasons as above.</p>
<p>Description of the individuals, businesses, or other entities likely to be affected by the new regulations or changes to existing regulations.</p>	<p>Campground operators, both permanent and temporary, operating in the state of Virginia.</p>
<p>Agency’s best estimate of the number of such entities that will be affected. Please include an estimate of the number of small businesses affected. Small business means a business entity, including its affiliates, that: a) is independently owned and operated and; b) employs fewer than 500 full-time employees or has gross annual sales of less than \$6 million.</p>	<p>VDH issued 44 waivers for temporary camping in 2015, and 41 so far in 2016. Overall, temporary camping is on the rise in Virginia, and it is likely that there are events that offer temporary camping that have gone unpermitted by VDH in the past. There are 370 campgrounds currently permitted in the state of Virginia for 2016. Based on employing 500 or fewer employees, an estimated 95 to 100% of these campgrounds are small businesses.</p>
<p>All projected costs of the new regulations or changes to existing regulations for affected individuals, businesses, or other entities. Please be specific and include all costs including: a) the projected reporting, recordkeeping, and other administrative costs required for compliance by small businesses; and b) specify any costs related to the development of real estate for commercial or residential purposes that are a consequence of the proposed regulatory changes or new regulations.</p>	<p>a) There will be a reduced administrative cost to temporary campground operators who have had to apply for waivers to the Regulations in order to obtain permits for temporary camping. Under the proposed amendments provisions for temporary camping will be clearly delineated to the regulated public, and they may plan for compliance under the permitting process. In the past, temporary camping events that utilize portable toilets have been required to meet a minimum ratio of one portable toilet for every 100 campers in lieu of waived requirements for permanent sanitary facilities. The proposed amendments will establish a minimum ratio of one portable toilet for every 75 campers, increasing portable unit requirements, although many temporary event organizers have elected to meet or improve upon this ratio at 2016 events. Portable toilets range in cost from \$75-100 without pump-out service for a weekend event, and many</p>

	<p>companies offer discounted prices (\$40-70 per unit for a weekend event) for higher numbers of units at larger festivals.</p> <p>Operators will have to provide soap and sanitary disposal bins for restrooms. The cost of soap will be minimal, and soap is already in place in many campground restrooms. Sanitary disposal bin cost ranges from approximately \$35-55 per unit. Required private well annual water samples for total coliform and nitrates will each cost operators between \$15-60 per year.</p> <p>The provisions for primitive campsites will include exemptions for the requirement to provide potable water and garbage disposal containers for campgrounds of ten campsites or less. This could save hundreds to thousands of dollars for operators, as private well drilling costs can range from \$3,000 to \$12,000 or more, with an average of about \$8,000. Primitive campground operators could also potentially avoid hundreds of dollars in vegetation control costs; these are difficult to estimate as they depend heavily on the specific campground site and the type of natural vegetation.</p> <p>b) The agency is not aware of any costs related to the development of real estate for commercial or residential purposes that are the result of the proposed regulatory changes.</p>
<p>Beneficial impact the regulation is designed to produce.</p>	<p>The regulation will modernize requirements and reduce burdensome oversight, while protecting public health and safety.</p>

Alternatives

Please describe any viable alternatives to the proposal considered and the rationale used by the agency to select the least burdensome or intrusive alternative that meets the essential purpose of the action. Also, include discussion of less intrusive or less costly alternatives for small businesses, as defined in § 2.2-4007.1 of the Code of Virginia, of achieving the purpose of the regulation.

Alternatives to amending this regulation would be to leave the regulation in place without any revision. However, this will result in a regulation that does not incorporate the latest public health principles and the continued burden on the public to submit waiver requests to allow for temporary camping. The proposed provisions should be less intrusive on property owners and less costly for the public in comparison to the existing regulation while ensuring public health and safety are protected.

Regulatory flexibility analysis

Pursuant to § 2.2-4007.1B of the Code of Virginia, please describe the agency’s analysis of alternative regulatory methods, consistent with health, safety, environmental, and economic welfare, that will accomplish the objectives of applicable law while minimizing the adverse impact on small business. Alternative regulatory methods include, at a minimum: 1) the establishment of less stringent compliance

or reporting requirements; 2) the establishment of less stringent schedules or deadlines for compliance or reporting requirements; 3) the consolidation or simplification of compliance or reporting requirements; 4) the establishment of performance standards for small businesses to replace design or operational standards required in the proposed regulation; and 5) the exemption of small businesses from all or any part of the requirements contained in the proposed regulation.

- 1) There are minimal reporting requirements associated with the proposed regulation. The proposed amendments streamline the approval process for temporary camping by eliminating a separate plan review component that currently exists. The compliance requirements of the proposed regulation should not be reduced or simplified, as the agency believes they establish the minimum standards required to protect public health and safety while providing the regulated public the flexibility to establish various business models for camping in Virginia.
- 2) No deadlines have been modified in the proposed amendments. The requirement that campground operators apply for a permit 30 days before a campground is to be opened, which is the only deadline in the regulation, is a necessity to allow for agency review and ensure due process is afforded to the applicant.
- 3) As noted above, there are only very minimal reporting and deadline requirements in the proposed amendments, and these cannot be further simplified or consolidated.
- 4) Design and operational requirements in the proposed amendments largely speak to the availability of restroom facilities and potable water. Provisions for different types of camping have been created to allow for variation in these requirements based on a number of factors. The proposed amendments also allow for campground operators to apply for variances to allow for alternate designs in lieu of the regulatory requirements.
- 5) Small businesses can readily comply with the requirements of the proposed amendments. Elimination of the requirements of this regulation will compromise the health and safety of camping participants in the state of Virginia, and may lead to disease or compromises in safety that may ultimately negatively affect Virginia’s camping industry.

Periodic review and small business impact review report of findings

If you are using this form to report the result of a periodic review/small business impact review that was announced during the NOIRA stage, please indicate whether the regulation meets the criteria set out in Executive Order 17 (2014), e.g., is necessary for the protection of public health, safety, and welfare, and is clearly written and easily understandable. In addition, as required by 2.2-4007.1 E and F, please include a discussion of the agency’s consideration of: (1) the continued need for the regulation; (2) the nature of complaints or comments received concerning the regulation from the public; (3) the complexity of the regulation; (4) the extent to which the regulation overlaps, duplicates, or conflicts with federal or state law or regulation; and (5) the length of time since the regulation has been evaluated or the degree to which technology, economic conditions, or other factors have changed in the area affected by the regulation.

N/A

Public comment

Please summarize all comments received during the public comment period following the publication of the NOIRA, and provide the agency response.

There were no comments received during the public comment period following the publication of the NOIRA.

Family impact

Please assess the impact of this regulatory action on the institution of the family and family stability including to what extent the regulatory action will: 1) strengthen or erode the authority and rights of parents in the education, nurturing, and supervision of their children; 2) encourage or discourage economic self-sufficiency, self-pride, and the assumption of responsibility for oneself, one’s spouse, and one’s children and/or elderly parents; 3) strengthen or erode the marital commitment; and 4) increase or decrease disposable family income.

The impact of the proposed regulatory action on the institution of the family and family stability is from the perspective of the availability of safe recreational activity, in the form of camping, in the state of Virginia. The goal of the regulatory revision is to provide for public health and safety at a wide variety of campground types throughout Virginia. Risks to public health and safety could impact the family and family stability by affecting a family’s disposable income in the event of camping-related medical care costs, disease or injury- related absences from school or the workplace, and mental, physical, and emotional pain and suffering. By establishing revised regulatory guidelines for safe and healthy camping in Virginia the agency is encouraging citizens and visitors to take advantage of the widely-recognized benefits of experiencing the outdoors and the natural beauty of the state of Virginia.

Detail of changes

Please list all changes that are being proposed and the consequences of the proposed changes; explain the new requirements and what they mean rather than merely quoting the proposed text of the regulation. If the proposed regulation is a new chapter, describe the intent of the language and the expected impact. Please describe the difference between existing regulation(s) and/or agency practice(s) and what is being proposed in this regulatory action. If the proposed regulation is intended to replace an emergency regulation, please follow the instructions in the text following the three chart templates below.

For changes to existing regulation(s), please use the following chart:

Current section number	Proposed new section number, if applicable	Current requirement	Proposed change, intent, rationale, and likely impact of proposed requirements
12VAC5-450-10	None	Definitions Section	The following definitions were amended to provide clarity to the regulations and ensure consistency in relation to agency practices: “Approved”, “Campgrounds”, “Camping Unit”, “Campsite”, “Health Commissioner”, “Person”, “Primitive camps”, “Service building”, and “Sewage”. A definition for “Operator” was added. The following definitions were removed as they were not substantively used in the rest of the regulation: “Non-self-contained camping unit”, “Independent camping unit”, and “Outdoor bathing facilities.” The definition for “Emergency” was removed as its specific defined meaning was no longer applicable to the regulation after the proposed amendments.

None	12VAC5-450-15	None	A new section was added to establish the applicability of the APA on the regulation
12VAC5-450-30	None	Requires the submission and approval of plans by a campground and criteria for such approval.	Minor changes to reduce wordiness and improve readability. Language was added that defers plan approvals for temporary campgrounds until the time of permit application.
12VAC5-450-40	None	Section outlines when a permit is required, the manner in which a permit is approved or revoked, and permit validity periods.	The section was modified to include language regarding the appeals process for those permits that were denied, changing the validity period of a permit to an annual renewal and including language regarding the period in which a permit is valid for temporary camping.
12VAC5-450-50	None	Section outlines the inspection of camping places	This section was expanded to establish inspection schedules for permanent and temporary campgrounds, with discretion for VDH to alter these schedules on a statewide level. Requirements for inspection reports were added, and requirements for registers were moved to section 150. Language regarding the right of inspection was revised for APA compliance.
12VAC5-450-60	None	Section outlines the agency's enforcement process including but not limited to notice of taking adverse actions and hearings.	This section clarifies language regarding the citation of regulatory violations, remediating such violations, the addition of language concerning informal fact finding conferences and the Health Commissioner's authority to take action in cases of threats to public health as it pertains to campgrounds. Language was revised to reflect APA requirements and VDH enforcement policies and procedures.
12VAC5-450-70	None	Section provides requirements regarding the location of certain structures (constructed and naturally occurring).	Minor changes to reduce wordiness and improve readability. Restrictions on campground locations near marshes, swamps, and landfills were revised to only prohibit campgrounds from locating inside these features.
12VAC5-450-80	None	Section provides the terms by which a campground shall provide water to the public.	Minor changes to reduce wordiness and improve readability. Approved water supplies for campgrounds were clarified as waterworks and, when appropriate, private wells. Provisions for infrastructure were clarified to apply to private wells, as the infrastructure of waterworks is governed by separate regulations. Revisions establish a requirement for private wells serving campgrounds to undergo and pass an annual water test for total coliform bacteria and nitrates. Revisions also prohibit open-bin type ice machines. The required distance

			between water and sewer connections at individual campsites was increased from five to ten feet to meet Office of Drinking Water requirements for waterworks. A provision was created for existing campgrounds to be exempted from this expanded distance requirement.
12VAC5-450-90	None	Section provides the terms by which a campground shall address disposal of sewage and liquid wastes.	Minor changes to improve readability and update terminology. This section was amended to relocate text regarding privies to section 100, as topically they should be addressed as part of the requirements for bathroom facilities. Provisions on greywater disposal were relocated from section 100, as topically they should be addressed alongside dump stations and bulk sewage disposal methods.
12VAC5-450-100	None	Section establishes the criteria for sanitary facilities.	Minor changes to reduce wordiness and improve readability. In addition to the rearrangements discussed above, this section revises the sanitary facility schedule for simplicity. Adjustments in facility number requirements when some campsites have alternate facilities available (such as cabins or sites that only serve RVs with facilities onboard), may be done at the time of permitting instead of through the granting of waivers. Sections were re-ordered to place topically-similar provisions adjacent to one another. Text on privies, relocated from section 90, was amended to restrict portable toilet use at permanent campgrounds to small campgrounds of 30 primitive campsites or less. Requirements for soap and sanitary disposal bins were added.
12VAC5-450-110	None	This section outlines the structural requirements for service buildings.	Addition of requirement that doors to exterior service buildings shall be self-closing.
None	12VAC5-450-115	None	This new section provides the requirements for cabins and other rental units. The section establishes the terms of maintaining and operating cabins and other rental units. Provisions were created for the sanitation of furniture, cook and dishware, and bedding when provided, the functionality of fire-protection devices when provided, and clearing space of bed arrangements.
12VAC5-450-130	None	Section establishes what insect, rodent and weed control is required of campgrounds.	This section was amended for clarity and amending the title of a previous regulatory board "Pesticide Control Board" to its current name, "Virginia Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services".
12VAC5-	None	Section states swimming	The section title was amended to remove

450-140		pools shall be subject to the Board's regulations.	"outdoor bathing facilities", as these facilities are not mentioned in the section text, and the applicability of other regulations (12VAC5-460-10 et seq., 12VAC5-462-10 et seq.) was clarified.
12VAC5-450-150	None	Section outlines the safety requirements at a campground.	Text regarding a camper register was relocated from section 50, language was added to require the campground to develop and maintain an emergency response plan.
12VAC5-450-170	None	Section outlines requires the control of animals and pets at a campground.	Section was amended for clarity and adds "horses" to the list of animals whose facilities are required to be maintained in a sanitary condition.
12VAC5-450-180	None	Section prohibits the use of unapproved overflow areas.	Statement was added to clarify intended usage of overflow areas.
None	12VAC5-450-183	None	This new section establishes the provisions for the permitting of a campground or portion of a campground for primitive camping, and lists the exemptions to other parts of this chapter (defined sizes and labeling with number and section, portable water and garbage disposal requirements when campground has ten campsites or less, lavatory and shower requirements, and vegetation control measures) that apply to primitive camping.
None	12VAC5-450-187	None	This new section lists exemptions to this chapter that apply to temporary campgrounds. These exemptions include density, minimum size, and campsite labeling requirements, portions of the potable water requirements, dump station and slop sink requirements, and requirements for permanent sanitary facilities. Alternative provisions are established to replace the exempted provision areas, which include requirements to ensure safe ingress and egress from campgrounds, allowances to use bottled water for temporary camping events, minimum safety standards for water hauled in from approved sources, provisions for greywater disposal and the removal of sewage from RV holding tanks, requirements for portable handwashing sinks or hand sanitizer, and requirements for minimum ratios of campers to portable toilets.
12VAC5-450-190	None	Section outlines the process by which one or more regulations of this chapter may be waived.	Section title and text was amended to replace waiver with variance; this substitution will bring terminology in line with other VDH regulations and reflect that sections may be waived all or in part. Language was added regarding the

			Health Commissioner's responsibility to issue a case decision regarding a variance request and the named parties' right to appeal under the Administrative Process Act.
12VAC5-450-200	None	This section establishes penalties for regulatory violations.	Section was amended to remove specific fines and state persons who are found in violation of this chapter are subject to penalties under § 35.1-7 of the Code of Virginia.
12VAC5-450-210	None	Section referenced the matter if a section of this chapter is found invalid or unconstitutional.	Section repealed.
12VAC5-450-230	None	Section references exemptions to the chapter's regulations.	Section repealed, described exemptions that expired two years after the effective date of the 1971 regulation.