BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICINE

Department of Health Professions 9960 Mayland Drive, Suite 300 Henrico, Virginia 23233 2nd Floor Conference Center, Board Room 4 Thursday, February 8, 2018 8:45 a.m.

AGENDA

Call to Order

Ms. Mary Yancey Spencer, J.D., Citizen Member

Public Hearing - Receive public comments on proposed regulation - Prescribing of Opioids

Adjournment Public Hearing

BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICINE

Prescribing of opioids

18VAC150-20-174. Prescribing of controlled substances for pain or chronic conditions.

- A. Evaluation of the patient and need for prescribing a controlled substance for pain.
 - 1. For the purposes of this section, a controlled substance shall be a Schedule II through V drug, as set forth in the Drug Control Act (§ 54.1-3400 et seg. of the Code of Virginia), which contains an opioid.
 - 2. Nonpharmacologic and non-opioid treatment for pain shall be given consideration prior to treatment with opioids. Prior to initiating treatment with a controlled substance, as defined, the prescriber shall perform a history and physical examination appropriate to the complaint and conduct an assessment of the patient's history as part of the initial evaluation.
 - 3. If a controlled substance is necessary for treatment of acute pain, the veterinarian shall prescribe it in the lowest effective dose appropriate to the size and species of the animal for the least amount of time. The dose shall not exceed a 14-day supply.
- B. In accordance with the accepted standard of care, a veterinarian may prescribe a controlled substance beyond 14 days for management of terminal illnesses or certain chronic conditions, such as chronic heart failure, chronic bronchitis, osteoarthritis, collapsing trachea, or related conditions. For treatment of terminal illness, chronic pain or a chronic condition with an opioid beyond 14 days, the treatment plan shall include measures to be used to determine progress in treatment, further diagnostic evaluations or modalities that might be necessary, and the extent to which the pain or condition is associated with physical impairment. For any

prescribing of a controlled substance beyond 14 days, the patient shall be seen and then reevaluated at least every six months, and the justification for such prescribing documented in the patient record.

- C. Prior to prescribing or dispensing a controlled substance, the veterinarian shall document a discussion with the owner about the known risks and benefits of opioid therapy, the responsibility for the security of the drug, and proper disposal of any unused drug.
- D. Continuation of treatment with controlled substances shall be supported by documentation of continued benefit from the prescribing. If the patient's progress is unsatisfactory, the veterinarian shall assess the appropriateness of continued use of the current treatment plan and consider the use of other therapeutic modalities.

E. Prescribing of buprenorphine for out-patient administration shall only occur in accordance with the following:

- 1. The dosage, quantity, and formulation shall be appropriate for the patient; and
- 2. The prescription shall not exceed a seven-day supply. Any prescribing beyond seven days shall be consistent with an appropriate standard of care and only after a reexamination of the patient as documented in the patient record.
- F. The medical record for prescribing controlled substances shall include signs or presentation of the pain or condition, a presumptive diagnosis for the origin of the pain or condition, an examination appropriate to the complaint, a treatment plan, and the medication prescribed to include the date, type, dosage, and quantity prescribed.