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## Periodic Review and Small Business Impact Findings Where Result is "Retain the Regulation As Is"

<b>Agency name</b>	Board of Agriculture and Consumer Services
<b>Virginia Administrative Code (VAC) citation</b>	2 VAC 5-318
<b>Regulation title</b>	Rules and Regulations for Enforcement of the Virginia Pest Law – Thousand Cankers Disease Quarantine
<b>Date</b>	April 12, 2017

This information is required pursuant to Executive Order 17 (2014).

### Legal basis

*Please identify the state and/or federal legal authority for the regulation, including: 1) the most relevant law and/or regulation; and 2) promulgating entity, i.e., agency, board, or person.*

Section 3.2-109 of the Code of Virginia (Code) establishes the Board of Agriculture and Consumer Services (Board) as a policy board and authorizes the Board to adopt regulations in accordance with the provisions of Title 3.2 of the Code. Section 3.2-703 of the Code authorizes the Board to quarantine the Commonwealth or any portion thereof when it determines that such action is necessary to prevent or retard the spread of a pest into, within, or from the Commonwealth.

### Alternatives

*Please describe all viable alternatives for achieving the purpose of the existing regulation that have been considered as part of the periodic review process. Include an explanation of why such alternatives were rejected and why this regulation is the least burdensome alternative available for achieving the purpose of the regulation.*

Thousand Cankers Disease (TCD) is a complex that is carried by the Walnut Twig Beetle and impacts walnut trees. If a Walnut Twig Beetle attacks a walnut tree, it causes the tree to become infected with TCD, which eventually may kill the tree. Ongoing research is being conducted to determine the potential for mass walnut tree death caused by TCD and spread of the disease to uninfested areas either by natural means or through the movement of infested articles such as walnut plants or plant parts, including nursery stock, budwood, green lumber, firewood, stumps, branches, mulch, and chips. The quarantine restricts the movement of these plants and plant parts in order to slow the spread of this disease. The agency determined that these requirements are not unnecessarily burdensome and provide an important means to prevent the spread of TCD. Therefore, alternatives to this regulation were rejected.

### Public comment

*Please summarize all comments received during the public comment period following the publication of the Notice of Periodic Review, and provide the agency response. Please indicate if an informal advisory group was formed for purposes of assisting in the periodic review.*

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No comments were received during the public comment period that followed the publication of the Notice of Periodic Review that ended on February 27, 2017, and an informal advisory group was not formed for the purpose of assisting in this periodic review.

### Effectiveness

*Please indicate whether the regulation meets the criteria set out in Executive Order 17 (2014), e.g., is necessary for the protection of public health, safety, and welfare, and is clearly written and easily understandable.*

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This regulation is necessary for the protection of public health, safety, and welfare because it prevents the spread of TCD and is clearly written and easily understandable.

### Result

*Please state that the reason why the agency is recommending that the regulation should stay in effect without change.*

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The agency recommends that the regulation stay in effect without change because it is necessary to prevent the spread of TCD and is effective in its current format. No changes to agency or industry practices have occurred that would necessitate any modifications

### Small business impact

*In order to minimize the economic impact of regulations on small business, please include, pursuant to § 2.2-4007.1 E and F, a discussion of the agency's consideration of: 1) the continued need for the regulation; 2) the nature of complaints or comments received concerning the regulation from the public; 3) the complexity of the regulation; 4) the extent to which the regulation overlaps, duplicates, or conflicts with federal or state law or regulation; and 5) the length of time since the regulation has been evaluated or the degree to which technology, economic conditions, or other factors have changed in the area affected by the regulation. Also, include a discussion of the basis for the agency's determination to retain*

*the regulation as is, consistent with the stated objectives of applicable law, to minimize the economic impact of regulations on small businesses.*

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This regulation was put in place to help prevent the artificial spread of TCD to uninfested areas of the Commonwealth by regulating the movement of the articles that are capable of transporting the disease. Spread of this disease by the Walnut Twig Beetle, which is the vector for this disease, could impact Virginia's walnut tree population by infecting and ultimately killing walnut trees. The agency has determined that this regulation should be retained in order to provide protection against spread of this potentially harmful disease of walnuts.

There have been no complaints from the public concerning the regulation. This regulation does not overlap, duplicate, or conflict with federal or state law or regulations. The agency has determined that no changes have occurred in the area affected by this regulation since the last periodic review that would make it necessary to amend or repeal the regulation. The agency has determined that that current version of this regulation is consistent with current industry practices and is the least burdensome and least intrusive alternative.